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BONN SUBMITS QUICKLY TO THREAT Munich terrorists freed after Lufthansa hijack

Galili hits surrender Plane lands in Libya

HEAVY ATTACKS BY VIETCONG

SAIGON (AP). — The Vietcong broadened its propaganda attack on the U.S. and paralleled it with intensified military assaults across South Vietnam in campaigns aimed at pressuring the Nixon Administration to sign an Indochina peace agreement tomorrow.

In a new twist, the Vietcong appealed to the South Vietnamese people and soldiers and to the Soviet Union and China to demand that the U.S. sign the agreement and end the war.

'Hundreds' of officers cashiered in Egypt

By ANAN SAFADI Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter Egyptian President Anwar Sadat has cashiered hundreds of army officers since Thursday's ouster of the Minister of War, Mohammed Ahmed Sadek, according to Beirut's pro-Egyptian 'Al-Anwar' newspaper.

The sweeping purge was "led by President Sadat himself," the paper said yesterday. In a dispatch from Cairo, it also confirmed that Sadek was now under house arrest.

A leading Egyptian political commentator yesterday scoffed at speculation that pressure from the Soviet Union was responsible for the military purge. He also denied any link to the recent talks held in Moscow by Egyptian Premier Aziz Sidki in a bid to mend the strained relations between the two countries.

The remarks were made by the editor of 'Al-Akbar,' Ihsan Abdul-Kuddus, who seems to be taking over as Sadat's mouthpiece instead of Mohammed Hassanin Haykal of 'Al-Ahram.'

Abdul-Kuddus said that Sadek had been replaced because he failed to implement orders issued by Sadat. He said certain instructions set for the summer were not delivered to the commanders concerned while others were not carried out.

The Egyptian editor, however, gave no explanation for the ouster of other high-ranking officers, including the commander of the navy, Vice-Admiral Mahmoud Abdul-Rahman Fahmy. In his front-page editorial, Abdul-Kuddus claimed he could not divulge further details because the army reshuffle involved top military secrets.

The military purge is the first major shakeup conducted by Sadat since he struck at his political and

DOCTORS STRIKE TODAY

By MACARIE DEAN Jerusalem Post Reporter TEL AVIV. — The Israel Medical Association is calling out all its members on a 24-hour strike starting this morning to show its solidarity with the Kupat Holim doctors who have been holding a partial strike for the past week.

The decision to call out all the doctors was taken more than a week ago, and at the time, it was announced that the strike would be called off if the "committee of ten" had shown some "substantial progress" in its negotiations on the demands of the Kupat Holim doctors. The latter are demanding that Mr. Asher Yadin, who is to take up his post as director-general of Kupat Holim on Wednesday, be replaced by a physician. The Kupat Holim Centre has rejected this proposal, pointing out that Mr. Yadin was legally elected.

The "committee of ten" composed equally of doctors and of representatives of Kupat Holim and the Histadrut, held two ineffective meetings last week. After Kupat Holim announced that it was planning to add another five members, all from the Association of Kupat Holim Workers (nurses, administrators and others) who favored Mr. Yadin, the doctors announced that the committee of ten had changed its "terms of reference" and no longer existed.

On Friday, Kupat Holim agreed to return to its old terms of reference, and the doctors announced they would attend the sessions, the first of which will be held at 2.30 p.m. today. However, since the committee has not succeeded in making any progress, the I.M.A. announced it was going ahead with the strike.

As in the past, all hospitals will operate as on Saturdays and holidays. The clinics will be closed, but Magen David Adom stations will be open.

Excused from participating in the strike are doctors working in the army and village doctors. In addition, the director-general of the Ministry of Health, Dr. Baruch Padah, will be allowed to work, but all the doctors in the ministry will strike.

'No signing tomorrow'

WASHINGTON (UPI). — Vice-President Spiro Agnew said yesterday there will be no signing of an agreement tomorrow bringing a cease-fire to Vietnam, but he said the proposed Hanoi-Washington pact will stick.

"I don't think the chance of it coming unstuck is very good, there are just a few matters to be made crystal clear," he said.

By dusk yesterday, the Saigon command claimed about half of the hamlets had been recaptured.

The U.S. Command reported that air strikes were continuing over North Vietnam below the 20th parallel, and downed a Navy A-7 Corsair was downed on Wednesday about 145 km. south of Hanoi. The pilot was listed as missing.

The latest loss raised to 116 the number of American planes downed over North Vietnam since the resumption of U.S. bombing last

(Continued on page 4, col. 4)

Minister without Portfolio Yisrael Galili last night bitterly denounced the German surrender to the terrorists as "a terrible deed from every aspect." Mr. Galili was answering foreign newsmen's questions, and his replies were immediately published by the Government Press Office and were taken as an official Israeli reaction to the events of the day.

"The surrender," said Mr. Galili, "was dangerous from the standpoint of international precedent, and it certainly can have no atonement from the Jewish and the Israeli standpoint."

The surrender could not have been condoned if it had happened in any country on earth — "all the more so when this happens in Germany so soon after the atrocity of September fifth."

"It is shocking that no realistic effort was made to foil the terrorists' objective," Mr. Galili added. "I don't know whether Israel's appeal reached the Bonn Government before the decision was taken to free the three murderers. In any event, if the information published throughout the world is correct, then the German Government's surrender in this case will serve as a great encouragement to the Arab terrorist organizations after their crime against our sportswomen in Munich. You can never overcome terrorism by such a spectacular surrender to it."

APPEAL IGNORED The Foreign Ministry spokesman last night called Germany's decision to free the terrorists "surprising and shocking." He said that in diplomatic contacts with Bonn Israel would raise with all urgency the grave consequences of the German surrender to the Arab hijackers. Israel's well-known stand was that any acquiescence to the demands of hijackers must inevitably be at the expense of the lives of future victims, the spokesman said.

Earlier in the day, Israel appealed to the German Government not to release the three Munich murderers in exchange for the hijacked plane. Premier Golda Meir told the weekly Cabinet meeting in the morning that she had instructed Israel's Ambassador in Bonn "to contact the German Government at the highest possible level and to inform it that the Government of Israel entreats the German Government not to surrender to any extortionist demand concerning the release of murderers, since such a release would compound the Munich disaster."

At the same time Israel's Bonn envoy Eliahu Ben-Horin was communicating Israel's message to Bonn, the head of the European Department at the Foreign Ministry in Jerusalem, Mr. Yohanan Merz, was delivering the same message to Germany's Ambassador in Israel, Mr. Jesco von Furtkammer. To save time, Mr. Merz did not summon the German envoy from his Tel Aviv embassy to Jerusalem but communicated the Israeli appeal by phone.

An authoritative source said he believed Israel's appeal had reached the German Government before it took the decision to release the three murderers.

The Prime Minister was in constant contact with Ambassador Ben-Horin throughout the day.

The State List Knesset Faction (three M.K.s.) has called the Knesset Speaker requesting an urgent debate on the hijack.

Lufthansa, the operator of the hijacked aircraft, believes the arms and grenades were taken on board at Damascus. (The plane's intended routing was Damascus-Beirut-Ankara-Frankfurt.) The Lufthansa spokesman in Israel, Mr. Yitzhak Zaroni, told The Jerusalem Post that all baggage had been identified at Beirut airport and all passengers had been searched, so that the arms must have been taken on board at Damascus. Asked whether Lufthansa has security guards on its flights he would only reply: "No comment."

FORTNIGHT FOR LANSKY

Jerusalem Post Reporter The Ministry of Interior has told Meyer Lansky that if he does not leave Israel voluntarily within a fortnight he will be given a final date beyond which he will not be allowed to stay here.

Mr. Lansky, reputed U.S. gangland figure, was denied immigrants' rights under the Law of Return by the Interior Minister on the grounds that he had "a criminal past likely to endanger the welfare of the State." The High Court of Justice turned down his appeal in September and he has been seeking another country willing to admit him.

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BEIRUT. — Arab terrorists yesterday hijacked a Lufthansa airliner, bargained the lives of 17 passengers and crew for the three surviving Munich murderers jailed in West Germany and flew to Tripoli. The Middle East News Agency, in a report from Tripoli, announced the plane landed at 10.05 p.m.

The Lufthansa Boeing 727, which was hijacked while on a flight from Damascus to Frankfurt via Beirut, Ankara and Munich, took off from Zagreb, Yugoslavia, at 6.35 p.m., after taking on board the three terrorists. The terrorists had been captured in Munich after the airport massacre in which 11 hostage Israeli athletes died.

West German authorities agreed to release the three yesterday and flew them to Zagreb aboard a chartered flight.

A Tripoli radio broadcast, heard in Beirut, headlines its report: "The safe arrival in Tripoli of the heroes of the Munich operation." The radio said the plane was carrying the three terrorists who were freed from West German jails as well as the three pirates and the passengers and crew.

It said the freeing of the three terrorists from West Germany produced a "great shock" to "Zionist authorities."

One report said that an organization calling itself the Central Organization of Young Arab Nationalists for the Liberation of Palestine had claimed responsibility for the hijacking.

Among the 13 passengers were one American, one British citizen, a Spaniard and a German, Lufthansa said. The rest were Arabs.

The Middle East News Agency said Tripoli Airport authorities had taken all necessary measures for the safe landing of the aircraft. It said the West German Ambassador in Tripoli was present for the landing.

The terrorists came out of the plane with their faces covered with masks of gauze, the agency said. They boarded a car and drove away to an unknown destination. The passengers and crew were still on board the plane.

No newsmen or photographers were allowed to approach the plane. Strict security measures were in force, the agency said, adding the terrorists were in "good health and have high morale."

It said at 11.30 the plane was being refueled and there was a possibility it might take off in a short while for West Germany.

In Cairo, diplomatic sources said the swift handing over of the three Arab killers by the West German Government was almost certain to improve sagging Arab-German relations.

The terrorists had earlier pledged to free the passengers of the hijacked plane when the freed Munich terrorists were handed over to them. West Germany freed the three Arabs and flew them from Munich to Zagreb where the hijacked Boeing 727 was waiting.

After the three Arabs had boarded the hijacked craft, the hijackers demanded fuel to escape, Belgrade Radio said.

When airport officials refused until the passengers were free, the hijackers threatened to blow up the plane, the radio said.

"Our lives mean nothing to us," one of the terrorists told the control tower from the pilot's cabin. "The plane is mined and do not let anybody else approach it or we will blow it up."

He told the pilot of an El Al airliner flying 6,000 feet above the Zagreb Airport: "You are next." Beirut police sources said they

(Continued page 2, col. 6)

EUROPA IN YOUR POCKET LOW NICOTINE IN THE SMOKE RICH IN TASTE RICH IN AROMA

Handwritten note in the top right corner.

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THE WEATHER

Forecast: Clear. Weather synopsis: A ridge is moving in from the West to the East Mediterranean.

Jerusalem	Humidity	Yesterday's Min.-Max.	Today's forecast
Jerusalem	65	12-19	10-21
Golan	55	10-15	9-17
Nablus	45	14-24	13-25
Safed	45	10-17	10-19
Haifa	47	17-24	16-25
Tiberias	35	15-28	14-30
Nazareth	45	14-22	13-23
Afula	45	12-19	10-21
Sharon	46	14-19	13-22
Tel Aviv	43	16-23	15-25
Be'er Sheva	44	14-24	13-25
Jericho	33	14-24	13-25
Caesarea	44	15-23	14-25
Beersheba	40	11-23	10-25
Ein Shimon	42	12-23	11-25
Tira	60	20-27	17-29

'Schools may close down'

Students boycott 1st day of classes

Jerusalem Post Staff

The campuses of the country's three main universities hummed with activity yesterday as thousands of students attended rallies to protest the rise in tuition fees and boycotted classes on the first day of the new academic year.

No break in the strike was in sight yesterday. The presidium of university heads was scheduled to meet in Jerusalem last night. But Hebrew University President Avraham Harman, who heads the presidium, would only say, "We shall consider the serious repercussions of the interruption of the opening of the academic year."

The Rector of Tel Aviv University, Prof. Shlomo Simonsohn, warned that the universities might have to consider closing down for the year if the opening of the academic year is delayed much longer. (T.A.D. was originally scheduled to open two weeks ago.)

city took on a carnival atmosphere, with music blaring from loudspeakers and students milling about or relaxing on the grass, occasionally smiling for the television cameras. Here and there small groups of students stood, hotly debating the strike, with those opposing it arguing that anyone who can afford to pay some IL1,000 in tuition fees could certainly afford to pay the IL145 increase instituted this year.

At Haifa University, the Student Union permitted newcomers and others taking preparatory courses to attend classes.

Third suspect in Eros bomb gives self up

TEL AVIV. — The third suspect in the June 20 bombing of Tel Aviv's Eros sex boutique, Yisrael Hirsch, gave himself up to police here yesterday after hiding for months in a Bnei Brak yeshiva.

Hirsch, 23, whose two accomplices, Shmuel Weissenstem and Yisrael Brant, are now serving 18-month sentences for their part in the arson, turned himself in yesterday evening at police headquarters in his home town of Tel Aviv. He had been on the wanted list since shortly after the fire-bombing, as the suspect who got away while police were nabbing Weissenstem and Brant at the scene of the crime. (Times)

Kahane can't put up mezuzah at Damascus Gate

The High Court of Justice ruled yesterday that the Old City wall of Jerusalem was "not Rabbi Meir Kahane's private property" and rejected his application to be permitted to affix a mezuzah to Damascus Gate.

Rabbi Kahane, leader of the Jewish Defence League, had applied for an order nisi calling on the Jerusalem police to show cause why his organization should not be permitted to put up a mezuzah at Damascus Gate (Shear Shechem).

Rabbi Kahane argued that the owners of the gate (the Israel Government) had not voiced any objection to a mezuzah. Indeed, he said, mezuzot had been put up at other gates to the city. But the police commander, in denying his request, was acting "under political considerations not to permit actions that would perpetuate the Jewish character of the Old City," Kahane said.

The High Court held, however, that the applicant had not submitted one shred of evidence that the "owners" of the wall had consented to the mezuzah. "It is, therefore, clear that the applicant's request to affix a mezuzah on someone else's property would be an act of trespassing," the court ruled. (Times)



West German border guard (Bundesgrenzschutz) armed with a machinegun takes up position at Munich airport yesterday after hijacked Lufthansa airplane was on its way to West Germany. (AP photo)

Three terrorists freed

(Continued from page one)

arranged for the freed Arabs to be flown to Zagreb.

The hijackers kept the plane — now running low on fuel — circling until the three Arab terrorists carrying the plane touched down at Ploest Airport at 4:44 p.m. They landed nine minutes later and the Munich murderers were allowed on board.

Chancellor Willy Brandt himself presided over an emergency meeting of key Cabinet ministers in Bonn that took decisions on how to handle the Arab hijackers. Security is a big issue in national elections Brandt faces November 18.

Lufthansa said the three Arab hijackers, armed with grenades, took over the Boeing shortly after it left Beirut on a scheduled flight that started in Damascus, and was scheduled to finish at Frankfurt, Germany, around noon.

The hijackers forced the pilot, Capt. Walter Clausen, to skip a scheduled landing at Ankara, Turkey, and land instead at Cyprus. Nicolaia, who headed for Munich but touched down at Zagreb airport after circling for about four hours. When they finally landed, there was only a few minutes' fuel left.

Milan Zivkovic, Deputy Premier of the Croatian Republic, Valent Huzjak, Croatia's Interior Secretary, and West German Consul-General Kurt Laquer, were at the airport; the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug reported.

Several regular flights due to land at Zagreb were diverted to Belgrade, the Yugoslav capital, while the plane was refueled.

Police said the Arabs apparently wanted to have full tanks to avoid a risky fueling if they landed at Munich to collect the freed prisoners.

It was after the Zagreb refueling that the plane finally flew to Munich at 12:15 p.m. and Bavarian police told them it would take at least 90 minutes to assemble the freed Arabs at the airport. The prisoners were scattered among three Bavarian jails awaiting trial and police sent Yugoslav officials by telephone and helicopters to pick them up.

Social and Personal

The President, Mr. Zalman Shazar, yesterday received Mr. Sam Rothberg, U.S. national chairman, State of Israel Bonds.

The Turkish Charge d'Affaires and Mrs. Melih Akbuli gave a reception at their residence in Kfar Snamaryahu yesterday on the occasion of the 49th anniversary of the establishment of Republic of Turkey.

Prof. Timos Valaes of Aghia Sophia Children's Hospital, University of Athens, Greece, will lecture on "Neonatal Hyperbilirubinemia: Etiological and Therapeutic," today, at 12 noon, in Lecture Hall Hef, Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, Ein Karem, Jerusalem.

Dr. D. Jaron of Sinal Hospital, Detroit, will lecture on "Mechanical Assistance to the Falling Heart" today, at 12 noon, in Lecture Hall Gmel, Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, Ein Karem, Jerusalem.

A panel discussion on the status of young people in the political parties will be held at the Jerusalem Vocal Newspaper, Friday evening, November 3, at Beit Ha'am, at 3:30 p.m. The participants will be Uzi Baran (Labour); Latif Dori (Mapam); Aharon Cohen (N.R.P.); and Dan Meridor (Gahal). The moderator will be Ari Avnerre of the Broadcasting Authority.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Anton Benya, President of the Austrian Parliament, heading an 11-man delegation, as guests of the Knesset.

Jack D. Weiler, member of the Board of Governors of the Jewish Agency, from New York, to chair the meeting of the Joint Committee on Housing of the Jewish Agency and Ministry of Housing, and Mrs. Weiler.

Soviet olim here; some paid tax, some didn't

LOD AIRPORT. — Five academicians and their families who did not have to pay the ransom tax were among a group of Soviet Jewish immigrants who arrived here yesterday by El Al from Vienna.

The five were among the first 19 families who were informed by the Soviet authorities earlier this month that the tax requirement had been lifted for them.

Four of the academicians are from Moscow: an engineer, Robert Pitznik; Michael Einhorn, musician; Dr. Meir Edison (profession not given) and another engineer, Ya'acov Goldman. The fifth family, of Dr. Leonid Kissin, is from Leningrad.

Yesterday's group also included professionals who paid the ransom tax. (Times)

Gazan gets life for bus bomb

LYDDA. — Gaza terrorist Mohammed Ali Abed Shbat was sentenced to life by a military court here yesterday for supplying the grenade that wounded three persons on a Tira-Tel Aviv bus last November. Two of Shbat's accomplices have already been sentenced, one to death, for planting the grenade.

Shbat was also found guilty of belonging to the Popular Liberation Forces, a terrorist organization.

The trial showed that Shbat, who had been employed in the Israel Arab village of Tira, went back to Gaza, joined the terrorist organization and had been sent back to Tira with the grenade. In Tira he turned the grenade over to local resident Yussuf Mahmoud Mansour and fellow-Gazan Hassan Salah Hassin Dablah, who then planted it aboard the bus.

Mansour, an Israeli citizen, was sentenced to death at his trial in September, while Dablah was given a life term when he was tried in June. The military court in Lydda yesterday, while viewing Shbat's deliberate actions with the utmost gravity, decided to give him the same life sentence it had meted out to his fellow-Gazan, Dablah.

Sitting in judgment were Rav-Seren Zion Yehoshua, Rav-Seren Y. Freed and Rav-Seren Y. Bruckner. Two unnamed minor accomplices in the grenade-planting were given two-year sentences at the same time. (Times)

Labour may put off direct mayor's vote bill

By MARK SEGAL, Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Alignment's Knesset faction is due to vote today on a motion to postpone the inauguration of direct mayoral elections until 1977.

Labour Party circles yesterday confirmed that the Tel Aviv and Haifa party machines have exerted pressure on the party leadership to postpone this electoral reform, to which the party has committed itself.

The Tel Aviv branch is said to be fearful for the chances of Mayor Yehoshua Rabinowitz if he has to run against an attractive Gahal candidate.

The politicians recall that, even with such a relatively unpopular candidate as Menahem Savidor, Gahal amassed almost as many votes as the Alignment list in 1969.

In Haifa, the party machine has not yet decided on a candidate now that Labour Minister Josef Almog has turned down a proposal to run for mayor. The incumbent, Moshe Fleiman, is not expected to stand for reasons of health. There is talk of putting up Labour Council head Eliezer Molk, but he is not considered to have much popular appeal.

The Alignment's apparent switch angered the author of the mayors' direct election bill, Mordechai Ben-Porat. He is now threatening to withdraw it altogether, despite six years of parliamentary work on the measure.

The actual postponement motion came from Mapam at the latest meeting of the Knesset Law Committee, but with the apparent backing of the anti-reform group inside the Labour Party. Mr. Ben-Porat's bill is due shortly to be passed on to the Knesset for its second and final reading.

Mapam kibbutz members can join other parties

Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

EIN HASHOPEF. — The Kibbutz Arzi Council ended its three-day sessions here with a historic shift in the traditional collective ideology of the kibbutz, as a collective unit, will continue (automatically) to belong to Mapam, but individual members are free to dissent.

"No disciplinary steps will be taken against those who dissent from the collective ideas," it was stated in one key resolution. It was also agreed that kibbutz members can belong to other parties on condition they are Zionist and socialist and that they do not operate against Mapam. (This cannot be a bid to reach a modus vivendi with the growing number of Shih — New Left — supporters inside the kibbutz federation.)

Kibbutz Arzi secretary Shimon Avidan and Mapam No. 2 leader Ya'acov Hasan did a balancing act for the benefit of those circles in the kibbutz who speak of playing down the link with the urban branches of Mapam and heightening ties with the other kibbutz movements. They proposed that all proposals for organizational changes in Mapam be vetted first by the kibbutz before being tabled in the Mapam convention slated for December. Another resolution called for closer cooperation with the other kibbutz movements.

Remanded for extortion bid against Pilz

TEL AVIV. — A 37-year-old man suspected of an extortion attempt against contractor Arye Pilz was remanded in custody for 10 days yesterday by the Tel Aviv Magistrate's Court.

Police testified before Judge Boris Rappaport that they suspected more persons were involved in the extortion bid along with the detained man, Gad Harlap, a Ramat Gan boutique owner. Harlap is to be tried before his remand expires.

Harlap allegedly telephoned Mr. Pilz on Friday, threatening to harm him physically and damage his reputation unless he received IL20,000.

Mr. Pilz immediately called the police, who advised him to pay. They caught the suspect as he was picking up the money from a pre-arranged place. (Times)

Overpass to be called 'Harel Bridge'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The bridge over the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv highway at Mevasseret Yerushalayim will be named the Harel Bridge, after all.

The Cabinet decided this yesterday, after the plan to name the bridge after the famed Harel Brigade of the Palmah, which kept the road to Jerusalem open during the War of Independence, had been shelved back and forth between the Cabinet and a ministerial committee. The plan was challenged twice.

The Cabinet decided, however, that no names would be given to interurban highways and that bridges and other parts of the road network, outside municipal boundaries, would not be named after people.

The Cabinet also approved the draft of an amendment to the Agricultural Settlement Restrictions Bill which will lay down penalties for illegal use of hired labour on moshavim and kibbutzim. This will be tabled in the Knesset shortly. It is meant primarily to prevent moshav farmers from working at other employment, while they take hired hands to run the farm more cheaply.

Warsaw Ghetto ceremonies start

Israel's observance of the 30th anniversary of the Warsaw Ghetto revolt began yesterday with a solemn ceremony at Yad Vashem in Jerusalem. President Shazar told the gathering that, though the Jewish fighters had known there was no chance of victory, they had also known that if they did not rise up there would be no hope for their generation. Yad Vashem chairman Gideon Hausner, recalling that the world had watched the extinction of Warsaw Jewry in silence, declared that the lesson of the revolt would be lost unless each generation could see itself as passing through that fire. (Times)

(The Warsaw Ghetto uprising was at Passah time, 1943 — 5703 in the Hebrew calendar. The Hebrew year 5733 — which started in September — was marked for the anniversary.)

Mapam leader sues Labour man for libel

Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Mapam Youth Division head Latif Dori has filed a libel suit against Zvi Shiloah, a Labour Party Central Committee member and a leading figure in the Land of Israel Movement.

According to a statement issued by Mr. Dori's office at Mapam headquarters, Mr. Dori's action came in response to an article written by Mr. Shiloah in the September 29 issue of "Zot Ha'aretz" — the Land of Israel weekly — which said Mr. Dori "went to the Beduin of Rafah to incite them against the Government and against the State, and particularly against Jewish settlement in North Sinal."

Mr. Dori's lawyer, Eaim Holtzman, filed suit for "symbolic" damages of IL500, the statement said.

At the time, The Jerusalem Post printed Mr. Dori's confirmation of a "Ma'ariv" story that he had accompanied Mr. Holtzman to sign up the Beduin sheikhs on a petition to the High Court of Justice against the Government, but he told The Post: "I only went along as a favour to translate from Arabic." (Mr. Dori was born in Baghdad.)

Since then it has emerged that the Rafah land was owned by a Jewish merchant who lived in Gaza many years ago, and the Beduin tribes moved onto the site without any legal rights.

Deputy Minister Zuabi in hospital

AFULA. Deputy Communications Minister Abdul Aziz Zuabi was hospitalized here on Friday after suffering an attack of high blood pressure. The director of the Afula Central Hospital, Dr. Ciro Serradell, said Mr. Zuabi was suffering from a circulatory disorder and would remain in the hospital for an indeterminate time.

Pedestrian killed by pick-up truck

ASEKELON. — A woman pedestrian was run over and killed by a pick-up truck yesterday evening while trying to cross the road at the Erez turnoff south of here. The woman, Sa'ada Gadis, 40, had been one of a group of women workers who had just finished the day at Kibbutz Erez's pharmaceutical plant. The driver of the pick-up truck was detained for questioning.

In deep sorrow, we announce the sudden death of our beloved

PAUL FULTON

Details of the funeral arrangements can be obtained from the Daka office, Haifa, Tel. 87858.

Johnny, son, the bereaved family, and his friends.

ISRAEL BROADCASTING AUTHORITY in conjunction with the Journalists' Association has arranged a

Memorial Service for

MEIR HARNIK מ.ר.

on the thirtieth day after his death, Tuesday, October 31, 1972 at 6 p.m. The service will be held at Beit Agron. Those who cherish his memory are invited.

The Jewish Agency for Israel Department of Immigration and Absorption mourns the passing of

INEZ BERNSTEIN מ.ר.

and shares the sorrow of the family.

We are deeply grieved by the death of our father

JULIUS HELBON

who died on October 27, 1972, in New York

JUDY and MEL KASINETZ VEDA and RICHARD REDD DAVID HELBON

We announce with deep sorrow the sudden death of

SAMUEL MOSHE TOBACK

of Brooklyn, N.Y. and Petah Tikva. Shiva this week at the home of S. Levine, 1 Rehov Zichron Moshe, Petah Tikva, Tel. 03-910290.

Wife, Anna Toback, Petah Tikva Son, Irving Toback and Family, New York Daughter, Selma Falk and Family, New York Brother, Hyman Toback and Family, New York

OUR DEEPEST CONDOLENCES TO OUR COLLEAGUE Mrs. CHARLOTTE ULLMAN on the death of her husband

ITZHAK (FRITZ) ULLMANN

MANAGEMENT AND STAFF SCANDINAVIAN AIRLINES ISRAEL OFFICE

To the Ullmann family

We share your deep sorrow on the death of

Dr. FRITZ ULLMANN מ.ר.

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COUNCIL OF HEADS OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING ANNOUNCES OPENING OF ACADEMIC YEAR

The academic year in all Israel's institutions of higher learning opened on Sunday, October 29. Studies at the Haifa Technion began earlier.

Because of the increasing cost of higher education, and in accordance with the system of tuition fees in operation for many years, the institutions have made it clear to the students that a rise in tuition is unavoidable. In 1971-72 tuition for undergraduates was IL935. This year it has been set at IL1,080.

At the same time the institutions have announced their intention to assure suitable help to students whose economic situation is such that they cannot afford the rise in tuition this year, and the increase last year (which amounted to IL108).

This decision is in accordance with the policy of the institutions which is that every able student shall have the opportunity to study at a university, regardless of his economic circumstances. Thus, the institutions announced that they were ready to discuss student aid arrangements with the National Union of Students.

Talks were held between the Union and the Council, at which the Union of Students agreed to a tuition of IL1,080.

The dispute, therefore, revolves around conditions of aid, not tuition fees.

The Students' Union demanded that unmarried students earning up to IL600 per month plus the cost of living increase since 1971-72, and married students earning up to IL800 per month plus the cost of living increase, be entitled to a grant of the complete sum of the tuition rise in the past two years, namely IL250. The Heads of the Institutions found this unacceptable from a social and public point of view. In the light of the realities of Israeli society, such criteria are unacceptable, at a time when many people in the labour force must support large families with incomes no larger.

The Technion reached an agreement with its Students' Union on the aid question. The Heads of the Institutions examined this agreement, and after hearing the claims of the Union of Students that living expenses are higher in Jerusalem, the Tel Aviv area, and Beersheba, offered an arrangement with better terms than the Technion agreement.

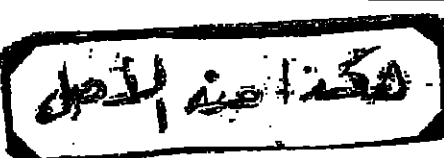
The proposal offered to the Union of Students was that every unmarried student whose income is less than IL5,000 per year (and in accordance with where he lives, whether at home, in a dormitory, or in rented rooms) can apply to his institution and receive a grant of IL200 or IL250. A married student whose spouse is also a student will receive double that amount. Married students with children will receive the grant with a higher income threshold.

Out of a desire and readiness to help those with higher incomes as well, and after weighing the demands of the Union of Students, it was proposed that every student not entitled to a grant under the above terms and claiming economic need in applying to his institution, may receive a loan of IL200 on very easy terms. The loan is unlinked, bears an interest of 5% unlinked, and is to be repaid gradually only after the student has completed his studies.

Through this combination of grants and loans as detailed above, it is assured that those in need will not suffer from the raise dictated by realistic necessity. The institutions are determined that no student possessing the requisite abilities who stands in economic need will be prevented from studying, this in view of the aid outlined above as well as the universities' existing scholarship systems.

The institutions of higher learning put these arrangements into effect with the opening of the academic year on Sunday, October 29, and any student in need of the aid outlined in the above proposal can apply to his institution and receive the required help.

(Communicated)



Several persons arrested

BOMB DESTROYS AFULA RESTAURANT

Jerusalem Post Reporter
AFULA. — Several local residents have been arrested in connection with an explosion that wrecked the Tabor restaurant here late on Saturday night. The police now believe that no Arab terrorists are involved in the crime. The blast occurred close to midnight on Saturday, rocking the town and reducing the restaurant to shambles. It is in the centre of town, opposite the police station. No one was in the restaurant at the time of the explosion.

The owner, Eliahu Elias Zadeh, told *The Post* yesterday that he had closed early — about 10.30 p.m. — because of bad weather. Police informed him of the blast, and he returned to find his refrigerators, tables, chairs and counters wrecked, walls blackened and windows blown out. The force of the blast had hurled glass fragments toward the police station building across the road and shattered neighbouring windows.

At first the police suspected sabotage by Arab terrorists. But this theory was later dismissed — although a Damascus terrorist group claimed credit for the action. Police investigators found fragments of two plastic jerrycans, one containing traces of explosives, the other an inflammable liquid. Both had been placed in the

passage between the kitchen and the bar.

"When I closed the place, I didn't notice any such containers. I am sure they weren't there when I left," the owner said.

The police believe someone entered the restaurant through the rear door, which was not firmly locked.

Zadeh admitted that he had disputes with partners in the past, but asserted that he suspected no one and that for three or four years he had quarrelled with no one "like-ly to do a thing like that."

He estimated the damage at IL40,000. The restaurant was not insured.

Brothers deny murder of 3 stepbrothers

HAIFA. — Two brothers from Yerka village went on trial in the District Court here yesterday for the murder of three stepbrothers and the attempted murder of their father. They denied the charges.

The accused are Afif Musah, 28, a prison warder, and his brother Badia, 20. The charge sheet states that, on the night of July 23, they murdered three children, aged six months to five years — the offspring of their father's second marriage. Badia, who has spent time in mental hospitals, was ruled responsible for his actions and fit to stand trial by a psychiatric board.

A police officer told the court the two sons had quarrelled frequently with their father, Hussein, 55. They accused him of neglecting them in favour of their stepmother and stepbrothers and sisters.

According to the prosecution, a particularly bad quarrel broke out between the two older sons and their father on the night of July 23. Mutual insults led to Afif's drawing a gun and shooting his father, the charges say. Afterwards, Afif and Badia allegedly broke into the children's bedroom and shot five of them in their sleep, three of them fatally.

According to earlier reports, Afif had been drinking heavily on the night of the shootings. But Fakad Avraham Nahman, chief of the Acre Police, told the court yesterday that he had smelled no alcohol on the breath of the accused when he picked him up that night.

The trial continues. (IHM)

Boy killer caught after third escape

Jerusalem Post Reporter
TEL AVIV. — A 13-year-old convicted killer who escaped last Tuesday from the District Court here was caught over the weekend by local police as he tried to break into a grocery store in Beit Yam. The boy was sent back to the corrective institution in which he was sentenced to remain until he reaches the age of 21.

The boy had been brought to the District Court to testify in the trial of a man who allegedly sent him out to rob and kill a Tel Aviv jeweller.

The victim, Eliezer Weinberger, had a shop in Allenby Road. The boy followed him after he left the shop one night in December, 1970, and struck him with a pipe as he was about to enter his house.

This was the boy's third escape. He got away during his trial, thus delaying it, and again in August, from the institution.



Former Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion has a word with Defence Minister Moshe Dayan, as Chief Rabbi Ovadia Yosef (centre) and Shlomo Goren (right) look on, at the Defence Ministry reception held yesterday for the new Chief Rabbis. At the gathering, the host, Mr. Dayan, said, while he did not want to give the new rabbinical leaders advice, he hoped one of their first acts would be to find a solution to the problem of the Langer brother and sister, who have been prevented from marrying because they are allegedly the result of a bigamous marriage (*manisrim*). Rabbi Goren did not answer directly, but pledged to make the *Tora* a unifying factor in Israel, while Rabbi Yosef said he would try to emulate the gentle ways of Hillel the Elder. (Gloria Shalom)

Arson at Goren's home

TEL AVIV. — Arsonists started a fire at the door to the residence of Chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren yesterday, but experts believed it was a "warning" rather than a full-scale attempt to burn down the house.

It was the second arson attack against the new Chief Rabbi's Tel Aviv residence in seven months. The other attempt, on March 21, caused little damage.

Flags were strewn in the stairwell of Rabbi Goren's house and doused with kerosene. The fire spread along the stairwell, but neighbouring extinguishers put it out before damage was caused.

The Rabbi and his family were away at the time, attending a party given by Defence Minister Moshe Dayan in honour of Rabbi Goren's election to the Chief Rabbinate. (IHM)

No-confidence debate in House on Vered, Arad

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter
 The Knesset is due to debate a motion of no-confidence in the Government tomorrow over the financial losses and managerial mishandling of two State corporations — the Vered Water Resources Development Company and Arad Chemicals.

Four factions requested the no-confidence debate: Gahal, the State List, the Free Centre and Ha'olam Hazeh. Replying for the Government will be Haim Gvati, who holds two Cabinet portfolios — Agriculture and Development. The Ministry of Agriculture is responsible for Vered, and the Ministry of Development is responsible for Arad Chemicals.

The Opposition concern over Vered was aroused by the State Comptroller's report on the corporation last week, which was extremely critical. The concern over Arad Chemicals followed a report to the Knesset Economic Committee last week, which mentioned IL90m. losses this year and another IL40m. losses anticipated next year.

There were suggestions in the Economic Committee that the authorities were aware in good time about the failures in Arad Chemicals, but that the officials responsible were shielded from rebuke for political reasons.

Underground car park 5-star hotel for Old City of J'lem

By DAVID KRIVINE
 Jerusalem Post Economic Correspondent

Furman Associates have won a tender to build a hotel inside the Old City of Jerusalem. It will be a luxury establishment with 100 rooms, no greater in height than the surrounding buildings — and "the only five-star hotel without a swimming pool," according to John Furman.

The place will be run in accordance with the needs of observant visitors, while retaining the style and sophistication proper to its grade, he said. Situated near Zion Gate, on an open space separating the Armenian and Jewish quarters, it will probably carry the name Western Wall Hotel.

The Old City Rehabilitation Company plans to build an underground parking lot and bus terminal, to be approached through a passage running under the city wall; an elevator will take arrivals up into the lobby of the hotel.

All rooms will have a view, over the wall, of the Hill of Evil Counsel. Mr. Furman expects the investment will be IL10m. Construction, which must be synchronized with the underground car park, will start by the end of next year.

Furman Associates is an investment and management company which builds up partnerships for participation in economic projects. In the hotel industry, it heads a group that owns and operates the Jerusalem Tower Hotel; it also has an interest in the Hilton, now under construction in the Capital.

Another enterprise it is sponsoring is the construction of a residence in Bnei Brak for retired persons, mostly American. Investment is IL2m., of which 80 per cent will be in foreign currency and the rest a Government loan.

A venture that did not come off

KIRYAT GAT officially became a city yesterday, as Interior Minister Yosef Burg signed the papers raising its Local Council to the rank of Municipal Council. The town, founded in 1955, now has more than 20,000 inhabitants, half of whom are former immigrants from Arab countries.

Siah members cite Marx in court

Four members of Siah (Israel New Left) went of trial before a military court in Ramallah yesterday on charges of distributing inciting leaflets in Bethlehem earlier this month.

They were Pataa Shambaum, 24; Rami Ostrovski, 23; and Ruth Salmon, 23 — of Jerusalem — and Haim Negbi, 37, of Tel Aviv. They refused to accept legal counsel, saying they would defend themselves.

The accused disrupted the proceedings when the three-man bench rejected their request to be tried together with seven other Siah members charged with a similar offence in Hebron. The four treated the court to a poetry reading, especially written for the trial, and readings from Karl Marx. They said the court, as an instrument of an "occupying power," did not have the authority to try them.

The defendants' family, subsidized after the president of the court, Rav-Seren Arye Novak, repeatedly warned them that they would be held in contempt of court.

Judgment will be handed down next week. (IHM)

APPRECIATION: Nathan Gardus

Nathan Gardus, who died a week ago, was a supreme example of how strength of will can overcome great obstacles. From early youth he was an invalid, but despite this incapacity he became a well-known journalist, starting in pre-Hitler Germany as a radio correspondent.

Back in Poland he continued to build up his professional reputation as correspondent for "The Daily Express," and made news himself when he was rescued from war-torn Poland by "Daily Express" star correspondent Sotter Tullin. During the difficulties of a journey at that time, Nathan Gardus reached Palestine, to which his Zionist family had been attracted for years. The family had profound attachment to Jewish culture, and one of its members, Stybel, was a well-known patron of Hebrew literature in pre-war Warsaw.

Nathan Gardus was an object lesson in supreme optimism and radiated a friendly cheerfulness among his colleagues. He maintained himself at the top of a most exhausting profession despite the fact of his having to work from a wheelchair.

This handicap did not prevent him from keeping his finger on the news pulse. His greatest scoop of which he was justifiably proud, was being the first to announce to the world the onset of the Six Day War, beating all other news agencies by 20 minutes.

All those who knew him will miss his charm, his sharp Jewish wit and his wide knowledge of human affairs — and above all his demand for professional perfectionism.

HABAD YOUTH in Israel held their 12th national conference yesterday in the Great Synagogue of Kfar Habad, near Ramle. Among those attending were representatives from Europe and the U.S. and a large number of Habad *hasidim* — some of them Georgians — recently returned from a stay abroad with the Lubavitcher Rebbe.



Commissioner Rosolio (Rubinger)

S. Rosolio appointed police chief

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter
 The Cabinet yesterday approved the appointment of Commander Saul Rosolio as Inspector-General of the Israel Police, with the rank of commissioner.

He took the place of the late Commissioner Aharon Sela, who died suddenly, after only three months as Inspector-General. After Police Minister Shlomo Hilel formally proposed the appointment at the Cabinet's weekly session, Premier Golda Meir paid tribute to the late Inspector-General Sela, and went on to commend the new appointee.

Rosolio, who was born in Tel Aviv in 1923, went to high school at Tel Aviv's famed Herzliya Gymnasium, and took public administration and law at the Hebrew University.

He was involved in security affairs ever since his youth. He worked in the permanent organization of the Hagana and in the Settlement Police, in pre-State days. He took a Hagana squad commanders course in 1944 and a police officers course in the British Mandatory police force.

After serving in the I.D.F. in the War of Independence, he was asked to join the Israel Police. He served various training capacities, heading the National Police School and the National Headquarters Training Division.

Commissioner Rosolio was Southern District Commander during the years 1961-1970, after which he headed the National Headquarters Organization Division. He toured a large number of police forces abroad and represented Israel at Imperial conferences.

When he was appointed Deputy Inspector-General in 1972 he became senior aide to the late Inspector-General Sela, and was Acting Inspector-General after his predecessor's death.

Commissioner Rosolio is married and has four children. (IHM)

POLICE PROBE SOCCER BRAWL, THREE INJURED

YERUSALEM. — A fight among soccer fans in the North that left three persons injured was under police investigation yesterday.

One fan, Raja Kadari, was hospitalized. Players Mohammed Wadi and Abdullah Ata Kadari of a mixed Maccabi Sfar'am-Tamra team were treated for minor injuries.

The fight broke out during a match between the Maccabi side and Hapoel Kfar Yasit on Saturday. (IHM)

Police roundup in T.A. nets 80

Jerusalem Post Reporter
TEL AVIV. — Police rounded up 80 men and women in the Tel Aviv area over the weekend in their continuing drive against petty crime and hooliganism. The operation was carried out by special mobile patrols from the Border and Tel Aviv District Police.

While the weekend sweep took in some 30 suspected prostitutes and a number of alleged petty thieves, the emphasis was on clamping down on hooliganism. Three brothers from Holon, aged 19 to 22, were arrested on Saturday after they closed off Holon's Rehov Ailya with an impromptu football game and threatened drivers trying to get through. Elsewhere in Holon, two 25-year-old men were apprehended after allegedly smashing up some chairs (and each other) in a Rehov Eilat cafe.

On Saturday there were a number of arrests of rowdies in cinemas, including Tel Aviv's Chen and Eden and the local hall in Or Yehuda. In the Chen a 19-year-old was arrested after he threw a burning cigarette into the audience during the showing of the film. In Or Yehuda a 14-year-old film-goer was taken in for raining cigarette butts and bottles on the rest of the audience. A 44-year-old man was arrested in Tel Aviv's Eden cinema after attacking a policeman who had taken his name for smoking.

Vocational school for Sanhedria

The American Mizrahi Women are to build a IL20m. vocational and technical high school in Jerusalem's Sanhedria quarter, their president, Mrs. Ruth Jacobson, told *The Jerusalem Post* yesterday.

Mrs. Jacobson made the announcement at the end of the visit here of a Mizrahi Women's survey party which met with President Shazar, Prime Minister Meir and other leaders during its two-week stay. The party was due back in New York yesterday evening for the opening of their organization's national convention.

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BOMB ATTACKS IN DUBLIN

DUBLIN (AP). — The Irish Republic's army and police chiefs met in emergency session yesterday to study ways of halting a wave of bomb attacks in three hotels and Dublin's busiest railroad station.

Inflammatory devices damaged three Dublin hotels late Saturday and a bomb was later defused at Connolly Station only minutes before it was timed to explode.

The four explosives were believed connected with the strife in Northern Ireland but it was still unclear whether they were the work of Protestant militants or extremists of the Irish Republican Army.

The station bomb was discovered after a telephone tipoff from the Royal Ulster Constabulary in Belfast to Dublin police. It was found in an underground toilet by a porter.

Rhodesia warns Zambia after soldiers killed

SALISBURY (UPI). — A Rhodesian soldier was killed and another injured when their Land-Rover hit a mine while on patrol, the Ministry of Information said yesterday.

The official statement did not say when the incident occurred, nor would officials disclose the area in which the mine had been planted.

It was only the second reported mine explosion in Rhodesia, but political sources voiced fears that this type of attack — relatively easy and safe for guerrillas — will become regular.



British Foreign Secretary Sir Alec Douglas-Home is greeted by Foreign Minister Chi Peng-fei at Peking airport yesterday. (AP radio photo)

British Foreign Sec'y arrives in Peking

PEKING (AP). — Foreign Secretary Sir Alec Douglas-Home flew here yesterday to restore British-Chinese understanding with problems of peacemaking and peacekeeping in Vietnam, high on a four-day work programme.

Within an hour or two of arriving, Douglas-Home, his wife, and senior aides were strolling through and inspecting the splendours of the 500-year-old Forbidden City — or as the Communist Chinese describe them "the former imperial palace."

At one point, some of hundreds of Chinese spectators and soldiers took Lady Douglas-Home, with an efficient-looking camera in action, to be a news photographer.

The business side of the visit swiftly got under way when the first British Foreign Secretary ever to visit China went into session with his opposite number Chi Peng-fei at the Great Hall of the People in downtown Peking.

Thailand forces poised to repel Moslem guerrillas

BANGKOK (Reuters). — More than 800 army troops and police, supported by air force fighter-bombers, are poised to strike against 300 armed Moslem guerrillas entrenched in the Budo Mountains in southern Thailand.

Police sources said the operation was a follow-up to one which ended last week. In that drive, Government forces captured two Moslem camps and rescued one kidnapped teacher. Another teacher was shot dead by his captors before they fled into the jungle.

The Moslem guerrillas are campaigning for secession of three Moslem-populated provinces at the extreme southern end of Thailand.

Sudan nabs 3 Communist coup leaders

KHARTOUM (AP). — Sudanese security authorities announced yesterday they have captured three top Communist leaders who disappeared after the abortive Communist coup in July of last year.

The authorities say they also seized important documents which disclosed Communist planning and activities over the preceding months.

The three men, all members of the dissolved Communist Party Central Committee, allegedly gave important information which the authorities declined to disclose immediately.

Communists free photographer in Phnom Penh

PHNOM PENH (AP). — Gaston Boudelet, a young French freelance photographer seized by Communist forces at the approach to the fabled Angkor Wat Temple complex in July 1971, was released a few days ago and arrived in Phnom Penh yesterday, High Command spokesman Col. Am Rong disclosed.

Boudelet, 20, son of a French doctor in Phnom Penh, set out to photograph the world famous Angkor civilization with a press card issued by the Phnom Penh Government.

Boudelet reportedly was released several days ago near the spot where he was captured and arrived in the capital by Khmer army helicopter. Further details were unavailable as the doctor has pulled a curtain around his returned son.

The Boudelets refused to see journalists and telephone calls to the residence went unanswered. However, young Boudelet's friends confirmed he was back.

More than 20 other foreign journalists who have disappeared while covering the Cambodian war still are missing.

Peru uncovers illegal drug organization

LIMA (AP). — Seven bands of drug manufacturers and dealers, credited with producing and selling cocaine worth nearly \$10m. over a period of several years, have been destroyed, Peruvian narcotics officials have revealed.

The cocaine, produced at hidden laboratories in Chile and Peru, was transported to foreign markets, mainly the United States, by a variety of means, police said.

The drug was hidden in false-bottomed suitcases often carried by attractive women travellers of various nationalities and in the tubes of portable television sets.

One group of men masqueraded as cocktail fans to hide their drug smuggling activities.

Four of the organizations worked on the national level in Peru, mainly in the manufacture of cocaine, which is produced by processing the leaves of the South American coca plant. Three other groups, with international connections, handled the sale of cocaine and its transportation abroad, officers said.

Discovery and destruction of the organizations was carried out over a period of five months, during which drugs worth more than \$1.7m. were confiscated, police said.

A total of 55 persons were arrested in connection with the investigation. They now are awaiting trial, police said.

Italy, Soviet back all-Europe security meet

MOSCOW (AP). — The Soviet Union and Italy called yesterday for the convening of an all-European security conference before next July.

In a joint communique issued shortly before Italian Premier Giulio Andreotti left for Rome after a six-day official visit to Russia, the two nations "expressed confidence that multilateral preparatory consultations (for the conference) will begin in Helsinki, November 22."

"The Soviet Union and Italy agree that the conference should considerably improve the situation in Europe and strengthen the foundations of European security," a Tass news agency summary of the communique said.

Andreotti and his wife spent yesterday touring the Ukrainian capital city of Kiev. They were scheduled to return to Italy last night.

According to the communique, the two countries also, called for "a general normalization of relations" between West and East Germany and the two Germany's admission to the United Nations.

Italy orders 26 Moroccans out of country

PADUA, Italy (Reuters). — The Prefect of Padua has signed an expulsion order affecting 26 Moroccans living in a boarding house on the outskirts of Padua, police said yesterday.

They said that one of the Moroccans had been arrested for ignoring a previous expulsion order. He was taken with the others to Genoa to be put on a ship to Morocco.

The owner of the boarding house also was charged with allowing more people in his establishment than his licence allowed, and not writing all their names in the register.

Police said the Moroccans were sleeping five or six to a room. They added that the men had spent their time in Padua either as beggars or selling handicrafts. They were expelled for failing to obtain residence permits as all foreigners in Italy are required to do.

Italy orders 26 Moroccans out of country

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Gunmen terrorize bus in Brazil

SAO PAULO, Brazil (AP). — Two gunmen hijacked a bus here on Friday, shot two people dead and apparently raped a girl passenger, police sources reported on Saturday.

The two men got onto the bus in a residential area and forced the driver at gunpoint to drive the bus into an unlit street.

There they made all passengers undress and demanded the collected fare. The bus conductor and a passenger were shot dead by the hijackers when they tried to resist.

According to one eyewitness, the hijackers made the driver and a 17-year-old girl leave the bus with them. When they came back they told the passengers they had raped the girl. They also burned the passenger's clothes.

Hours later police caught one of the hijackers, 18-year-old Sebastiao de Matos, while he was trying to hold up a cigarette delivery truck. He offered no resistance and gave away his accomplice's name.

Gunmen terrorize bus in Brazil

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THE NATIONAL RELIGIOUS PARTY

THE BLOC FOR UNITY AND CHANGE

A call to members of the party

This call is directed to YOU, a member of the National Religious Party who has come on *aliya* recently.

You have come to this country because you believe in the ideals of religious Zionism, because you have been brought up on the ideas of "Torah Va'Avodah." You have come because you wish to live a full Jewish life in the State of Israel.

Perhaps the reception you received at the hands of your colleagues in this country did not come up to your expectations. Perhaps you found the *Mafdal* family neglected, lacking cohesion. You have probably heard about dissension and indifference in the party ranks and so have decided to withdraw and stand aloof.

It is now within your power to change this state of affairs.

We are facing elections in the National Religious Party, and we pin our hopes on the outcome of these elections. We therefore appeal to you to join our ranks.

The contribution made by the National Religious Party to the Jewish people and to the State are fully known to you. Our members were to be found in the thick of all battles and on all fronts.

You are benefiting from religious facilities that were secured only after hard struggle. Your children are being educated in religious schools modelled on lines of which you approve. How different was the lot of new *olim* who arrived 20-25 years ago! It is due to the efforts and the struggles of the National Religious Party that you benefit from this improved situation.

You are well aware that the National Religious Party spans the generation gap; we do not discard the past, and are mindful of the future. We act as a link between Israel and the Diaspora, and unite all sections of the Jewish people.

Do not allow disappointment and unconcern to get the upper hand.

We call on you to join the camp that stands for Unity and Change.

Our Bloc contains people from all countries and backgrounds, men and women of all ages.

Our Bloc is headed by Dr. Yitzhak Rafael, M.K. In the early years of the State, he directed *aliya* activities, and the problems of new *olim* are close to his heart. He is a man of verve and vision. It is within his power, and that of all our colleagues in the Bloc, to bring about the hoped for Unity and Change in the movement.

You are anxious to bring about a change in the National Religious Party, and will therefore not waste your vote on those who make great promises they are unable to keep.

Cast your vote for people of ability and experience, who will provide a strong leadership for the National Religious Party.

Many of your friends, themselves new *olim*, have found a place in our ranks. Place your confidence in us.

Vote for the "Bloc for Unity and Change" —

Vietcong intensify attacks

(Continued from Page One)

April, according to U.S. Command records. During the same period, 125 airmen have been reported captured or killed.

The Vietcong radio declared: "The Central Committee of the National Front for the Liberation of South Vietnam appeals to officers and men of the Saigon armed forces to fully realize that the accord to end the war and restore peace is available, and waiting to be signed. But because the Americans and (President Nguyen Van) Thieu are incurable, you must go on serving as cannon fodder. Your families must continue to suffer and the country will experience more devastation.

"Soldiers, you have only one chance left to save the country and your homes, and that is to struggle alongside the people and demand that the Americans end the war and restore peace..."

To the people, the Vietcong radio said: "The Central Committee appeals to people in enemy-controlled areas, to the elders, to the intellectuals, the clergy, workers, businessmen, to become more closely united and to show determination in the struggle by demanding that the Americans sign the approved accord on October 31 as they have pledged..."

"This quivering attitude of the U.S. is creating an extremely serious situation" which endangers the chance of getting the accord signed and sets back the capability of restoring peace in Vietnam."

In Washington, indications mounted that there would be no formal conclusion of an agreement by tomorrow, the deadline publicly set by Hanoi.

Presidential Adviser Henry Kissinger has virtually ruled it out because of a half dozen concrete issues still to be negotiated, including methods by which an international supervisory body can be put in place simultaneously with a cease-fire to avoid a land grab and casualties.

President Thieu also is balking at the draft proposal and has demanded that any cease-fire agreement include the withdrawal of all North Vietnamese forces from South Vietnam and the re-establishment of the Demilitarized Zone.

The draft agreement worked out by Kissinger and North Vietnamese diplomats calls for a withdrawal of all American and allied troops from South Vietnam within 60 days but says nothing about North Vietnamese troops leaving.

Without the re-establishment of the DMZ at the 17th parallel, the North Vietnamese would stand to gain territory since they pushed across the buffer zone last March and seized most of Quang Tri province. Although the South Vietnamese recaptured Quang Tri City, the North Vietnamese still hold most of the province.

Kissinger was reported still expected to have another negotiating session with the North Vietnamese in Paris. It was reported from Washington, however, that there have been secret exchanges between Washington and Hanoi since the U.S. told North Vietnam a week ago there would have to be a further negotiating session before final agreement on the nine-point peace plan.

There are indications that the North Vietnamese have taken a somewhat more flexible posture in private than in public and Hanoi is said to have suggested privately the two sides initial the agreement by October 31, leaving a formal signing for later.

It is believed that the North Vietnamese want an agreement before the U.S. presidential election November 7, on the assumption that President Nixon will be elected and would be tougher to deal with after a new mandate from the electorate.

The Saigon Government has made a public "suggestion" that South Vietnamese citizens fly their flags from homes, offices, cars, buses and motorcycles. For those not convinced by the public plea, security officers have been paying personal visits to homes with no flags, "urging" residents to put up at least one — preferably two — of the standards.

Even some foreign residents reported visits from Government teams, who suggested all homes should fly the flag.

At the same time the South Vietnamese Interior (police) Ministry issued a special communique "reminding people" that the maximum penalty for possession of a Vietcong flag or North Vietnamese flag is death.

In Tokyo, sources said the Japanese Government is ready to take part in an international organ to supervise and guarantee peace in Vietnam if it is requested by the countries concerned.

And in Moscow, "Pravda" yesterday urged the U.S. not to pass up a chance to end the Vietnam war and said there was no justification for delay in signing the agreement with North Vietnam.

Family planning idea catching on

By Richard Beene

SAN ANTONIO, Texas (AP). — Even in areas like Brazil and Africa, says an international expert on family planning, people are beginning to realize the dangers of over-population.

Julia Henderson, first woman to serve as Secretary-General of the International Planned Parenthood Federation, says changing trends in the world lead her to believe that the battle against the population explosion can be won. But, at the same time, the former United Nations official said here last week family planning agencies must adopt a "greater sense of urgency."

"You have to understand it is not only your local problem which counts, and that you are not an island in this world," she told delegates to the annual meeting of the International Planned Parenthood Federation of America.

Despite advances in family planning, much more work needs to be done, Miss Henderson noted. She said a survey being conducted by her agency probably will show that in many underdeveloped nations, no more than five per cent of the women have been reached by family planning services.

On the more optimistic side, she said religious barriers to birth control are crumbling and although there is still resistance in some quarters, "there is no doubt that this is an idea whose time has come."

Miss Henderson, who works in London, rose to the highest position ever held by a woman in the United Nations. She recalled that some U.N. delegates once threatened to walk out if population control was even discussed.

But she said the world body has since adopted a policy allowing the U.N. to aid governments requesting help in family planning. It was the "beginning of a major revolution in the U.N. attitudes in this field," she said.

One of the problem areas is Latin America, she said, but Brazil, "which is still trying to catch up in population with the U.S.A., gives us warm welcome... It's on the move even in Brazil."

Family planning associations now operate in 12 African countries, she said. While there is some opposition from political leaders, "I have not yet been in any African country where women were opposed to family planning."

HITCHCOCK. — Film director Alfred Hitchcock says he has a hard time finding scripts. The master of suspense said in New York yesterday, "People expect me to produce crime films. If I made a musical, they would be wondering when the chorus girl was going to be shot."

WATKINS. — Women in Canada make an average of \$4,000 a year less than men, according to statistics compiled from a survey of 30,000 households.

30 October 1972

Split in Pakistan as Bhutto seeks parliamentary rule

By TREVOR DREIBERG
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NEW DELHI —

PAKISTAN'S search for political stability and democratic government is proving very difficult. President Bhutto's bid to give his country a system of federal parliamentary rule after 14 years of authoritarian rule under autocratic presidents, is splitting his own Pakistan People's Party.

His proposals for a government accountable to a National Assembly elected on adult franchise and a cabinet system in which the Prime Minister holds power and the president is a figurehead have won him the support of the opposition parties, but some of the most influential men among his close supporters have broken with him because they think his reforms too revolutionary.

Behind the dissidents stands a section of the army generals who help Mr. Bhutto become President last December. But now feel that his liberal constitutional changes will erode new forces of unrest in Pakistan.

The question that faces Pakistan today is whether a society in which a coalition of feudal landlords, military officers and bureaucrats dominate can afford to let power pass to more radical elements like the left-wing of the People's Party.

Reports reaching here from across the border indicate that these conservative groups view Mr. Bhutto's steps to democratize Pakistan with great distaste, mixed with alarm.

Opposition to Mr. Bhutto is crystallizing around the army chief, General Tikka Khan, according to Defence News Service of New Delhi.

It says that the general has been "building up his image" and has the support of the Pakistan Navy and Air Force as well as of a sizeable section of Army officers.

Opposition from the general and his military and political supporters



PRESIDENT BHUTTO

is said to be the chief reason for the prolonged haggling over marking a line of actual control in Jammu and Kashmir. They argue that by agreeing to such a line Pakistan would be surrendering the Kashmir Valley permanently to India.

Defence News Service reports China is supporting Gen. Tikka Khan in taking a tough line on Kashmir, the Service adds. Official opinion here believes that Mr. Bhutto is ready to accept the new line of control and wishes to keep alive the spirit of goodwill created in his talks with Prime Minister Gandhi in Simla four months ago.

However, he is finding it difficult to do so because of strong opposition from the hawk among the bureaucrats and top military commanders.

India has welcomed Mr. Bhutto's move towards a democratic system of government as this is considered the best antidote for the militarism which has led to three wars between the two countries. The general, according to Defence News Service, are also not reconciled to the inde-

pendence of Bangladesh and still hope to bring about a reunion with the help of China.

The combined pressures of those commanders who share this view and of Peking is said to be the cause of Mr. Bhutto's reluctance to recognize Bangladesh and thus effect a peace settlement with India and this former province of Pakistan.

The restoration of the losses of men and material the Pakistan armed forces suffered last December in the 14-day war with India is said to be the main hope of Gen. Tikka Khan and his followers.

The Pakistan Army has raised 40 battalions in the last six months, the service says. "The young generation of Pakistan officers appears to be extremely hostile to India," it adds.

These battalions have been equipped by the Chinese, who have also helped build one armoured division by supplying sophisticated tanks. Pakistani airmen are reported to have been trained in China in operating a Chinese version of the Soviet long-range TU-16 bomber. China is likely to supply the Pakistan Air Force with such bombers in 1973.

Pakistan is said to have bought some Mirage-5s from France, while arms, ammunition and aircraft of U.S. origin have come from Iran and Turkey and some Arab states. The growing strength of the armed forces of Pakistan is watched fearfully in New Delhi because every addition of strength to the military weakens Mr. Bhutto.

In the present wave of uncertainty in Pakistan he seems the only leader who can guarantee a durable peace on the sub-continent and democracy in his own country.

The question is whether he will be able to meet the challenge of the generals in the coming critical months?

4 Spaniards die as houses collapse in blast

BARCELONA, Spain (Reuter). — Four people were killed and 14 injured yesterday when three neighbouring houses collapsed here after an explosion in one of them, police reported.

A police spokesman said the explosion, believed to have been caused by gas, levelled a single-storey house and brought down two adjoining buildings — a three-storey apartment block and a two-floor house.

Firemen and civilian volunteers were combing the tons of debris for any other victims.

At least one of three people seriously injured was in critical condition and it was feared the death toll might rise. All the victims were Spaniards.

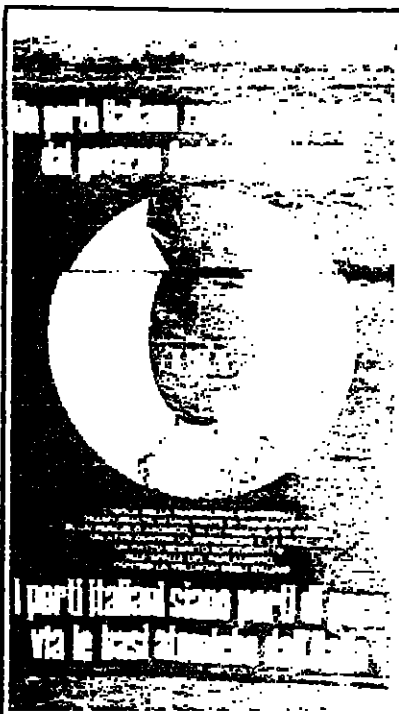
Malaysian forces wound guerrillas

KUALA LUMPUR (AP). — Malaysian security forces wounded several guerrillas in a clash in the Thai-Malaysian border area on Saturday, a border operations committee spokesman said yesterday.

The guerrillas were returning into the jungle after collecting food in the Baling area, 290 kms. north of Kuala Lumpur, when a security forces patrol spotted them and opened fire.

Blood trails indicated several of them were injured, the spokesman said.

More troops were rushed to the area and followup operations were in progress, the spokesman said.



Anti-government posters, protesting port facilities given ships of the U.S. Sixth Fleet at La Maddalena island off Sardinia, have appeared around Rome. It shows a bomb hovering over the island and reads: "An Italian port given as gift to America by the Andreotti-Malagodi government." (AP radiophoto)

Pandas to get heavy protection in Japan

TOKYO (Reuter). — More than 100 riot police and a dozen zoo keepers will protect the pandas "Kang Kang" and "Lan Lan" when they meet the public for the first time here next Sunday. Zoo officials said the heavy guard would be against extreme rightists and the expected large crowd.

The pandas, a gift from China to commemorate the establishment of diplomatic ties with Japan last month, arrived under heavy guard Saturday night.

Aging weaponry shown in Japan army parade

TOKYO (Reuter). — Japan's postwar army celebrated its 22nd anniversary yesterday with a military parade that failed to reveal any new weaponry.

Much of the armour and artillery on display was aging American equipment and all the equipment shown was developed before 1960. It could almost have been taken as the army's justification for the sophisticated new weapons it will receive under a controversial five-year (1972-76) defence build-up programme, approved by the Government earlier this month.

New locally-built tanks and armoured cars, helicopters, front-line jet fighters and anti-submarine destroyers are included in expenditure of 4,830,000m. (\$5,787m.) — almost double the spending in the previous five-year build-up.

Government opponents have severely criticized the increase as unjustified at a time when Japan is establishing good relations with China and the Soviet Union, and when Asia in general is moving towards détente.

Prime Minister Kakuei Tanaka, in a speech to the parade, justified the build-up as being necessary to provide the nation with an effective defence capability.

He acknowledged that there had been a general easing of tension, but the situation in Asia was "still fluid and will take considerable time before it reaches a state of stability."

Yesterday's anniversary was only for the ground self-defence force, which started life in 1950 as a 75,000-man police reserve formed to combat Communist violence when U.S. occupation forces left to fight in the Korean War.

It has now grown to a 180,000-man force. The navy and air force have a combined paper strength of 50,000.

Some government opponents claim

the military is illegal as the post-war constitution bans possession of armed forces. But the government says Japan has given up the right to settle disputes by armed means, but still retains the right to defend itself.

Some defence experts believe that even with the new weaponry being provided over the next five years, Japan's air force would be wiped out in 30 minutes in the event of an all-out invasion.

McGovern trails in all six 'crucial' states

NEW YORK (Reuter). — A poll published by "Newsweek" magazine yesterday has found that Democratic Senator George McGovern is trailing President Nixon by substantial margins in the six crucial industrial states — New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Illinois and California.

The survey, conducted by the Gallup organization, puts Senator McGovern behind President Nixon in New York by 17 points (56 per cent to 39 per cent), in Michigan by 25 (59 per cent to 34), in Illinois by 24 (50 per cent to 26) and in California by 16 (55 per cent to 39).

"Newsweek" described these states as "barometric" for the nation as a whole.

McGovern on Saturday night received the endorsement of his one-time rival for the Democratic nomination, Senator Henry Jackson of Washington. The support, from the conservative Senator may allay fears among some voters that McGovern would weaken national defence.

Trudeau's majority in danger today



PRIME MINISTER TRUDEAU

OTTAWA (UPI). — The Canadian electorate goes to the polls today to elect a new federal government.

In June, 1968, Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau's Liberal Party won 155 of the 264 seats in the House of Commons. But by-election losses, defections, resignations and deaths have sliced that margin to 15 seats, and Trudeau could be in jeopardy of losing his majority position today.

None of the other three federal parties seems to have more than a remote chance of replacing the Liberals as the government this time.

Only Robert Stanfield's Progressive Conservatives still hold a hope of taking over, and organizers say privately that it is a slim one. Still, conversations with organizers of all parties, combined with first-hand observations of various constituencies and examination of a number of surveys, show that there is a distinct possibility that the Liberals will lose their majority edge.

As he was in 1968, Trudeau, now 53, is the main issue. Despite his switch from casual clothes to business suits and from swinging bachelorhood to marriage and fatherhood, the Prime Minister remains an intriguing, and sometimes exciting, personality.

His intellectual capacity, his ability to communicate, his apparent candour and even his penchant for swearing in public generally appeal to young people, which is of major significance in light of the drop in the minimum voting age to 18 from 21 during the last parliament, raising the size of the electorate by more than 20 per cent.

Trudeau also appeals to many older voters on the basis of toughness, and he will probably pick up votes in response to the crack-down he imposed during the October 1970 terrorist incidents in Quebec, during which Quebec Labour Minister Pierre Laporte was slain.

There is no doubt, however, that a sizeable percentage of the electorate resents Trudeau — some because they suspect him of forcing a French-Canadian power play in Ottawa and some because of what opposition party spokesmen have termed his "arrogance" and "inhumanity."

His government's international record has shown initiative and includes the diplomatic recognition of China, the fostering of close relations with the Soviet Union and the cutting back of Nato involvement.

Domestically, the Liberals have promoted bilingual facilities throughout the federal service, introduced a measure of reform to the country's income tax laws, and raised old-age pensions.

On the debit side, unemployment has risen to the highest level in more than 11 years — 7.1 per cent of the labour force, and the increase in the cost of living over the last 12 months — 5.3 per cent — was the highest in more than 20 years.

The newspaper "Makhi" said they were found to be missing from cells in Nicosia Prison during a routine check Saturday night. Because no damage had been done to doors or barred windows, there was a possibility the escape was carried out with inside help, it added.

The fugitives are Adamos Haritonis, 27, a student, and Antonis Yenagritsis, 30, a former policeman.

They were jailed for 14 years with two other men in November, 1970, for attempting to kill President Makarios and his helicopter pilot the previous March. The helicopter was shot at as it took off from the grounds of the Archbishop's palace. The pilot was badly wounded but managed to land safely. President Makarios was unharmed.

Informed sources confirmed the escape report.

Taiwan plant stops work after five workers die

TAIPEI (AP). — The American invested Philco-Ford Taiwan Corporation suspended operations on Saturday on a Nationalist Chinese Government order in the wake of a series of deaths and illness among its women workers, James Miller, general manager of the corporation, said yesterday.

The general manager of the electronics firm said the plant will resume operation on Wednesday.

It was reported that five of the Philco-Ford Taiwan Corporation women workers were dead and another eight girls were sick due to chemical solvents used in the plant in the past three months.

The Nationalist Ministry of the Interior has ordered that production at the plant be stopped until the causes of the deaths and illness are verified and removed.

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30th anniversary of El Alamein battle observed

EL ALAMEIN (Reuter). — Diplomats from about two dozen nations yesterday attended special services at El Alamein marking the 30th anniversary of the World War II battle.

The ambassadors and military attaches visited the Allied, German and Italian Cemeteries where the thousands of troops killed in the battle are remembered in services each year.

Many Egyptians had hoped that Field Marshal Lord Montgomery, the British Commander of the Allied Desert Army at the time, would be able to attend the ceremonies, but his doctors had apparently advised against the trip.

More than 1,000 Italian veterans and their families had already visited the battlefield along with a group of 50 members of Field Marshal Erwin Rommel's Afrika Korps routed by Montgomery's Army.

Pair who tried to kill Makarios escape prison

NICOSIA (Reuter). — Two men serving 14 years in jail for trying to assassinate President Makarios in 1970 have escaped, it was reported here yesterday.

The newspaper "Makhi" said they were found to be missing from cells in Nicosia Prison during a routine check Saturday night. Because no damage had been done to doors or barred windows, there was a possibility the escape was carried out with inside help, it added.

The fugitives are Adamos Haritonis, 27, a student, and Antonis Yenagritsis, 30, a former policeman.

They were jailed for 14 years with two other men in November, 1970, for attempting to kill President Makarios and his helicopter pilot the previous March. The helicopter was shot at as it took off from the grounds of the Archbishop's palace. The pilot was badly wounded but managed to land safely. President Makarios was unharmed.

Informed sources confirmed the escape report.

Italian wheat gift to Lebanon

BEIRUT (Reuter). — Italy has given Lebanon a gift of 10,000 tons of wheat, Lebanese Foreign Minister Khalil Abu Harand announced here yesterday.

The announcement followed a call on the Foreign Minister by Mr. Luciano Conli, personal representative of Italy's Foreign Minister, Giuseppe Medici.

HAGAI LEWENSOHN AYTON

N.R.P. POLLS TOMORROW AFTER BITTER CAMPAIGN

THE National Religious Party goes to the polls tomorrow, four years since its last internal election. There are about 100,000 registered members with the right to vote, making it the second largest political movement (after the Labour Party) in Israel.

Obviously what happens inside the N.R.P. is of interest to the general public because as the political wing of organized religious Zionism it is the second largest coalition party and the third largest Knesset faction.

These will be the first party elections to be held since the death of Haim Moshe Shapiro, whose passing has plunged the party into a continuous turmoil as the various contestants have jockeyed to fill his place. The former Interior Minister commanded the allegiance of all wings of the movement.

There are built-in contradictions in the party, devoted to the rule of religion but also concerned with the division of the party spoils system. Some cynics charge the N.R.P. functionaries with treating the Almighty as if He were the chairman of the board of directors of the United Mizrahi Bank Ltd. The late Prof. Baruch Kurzweil, a very observant Orthodox Jew, once wrote of the party powers: "They seem to think that the Almighty is the Shapiro of the cosmos."

Assets the party does have — the end result of a canny utilization of its importance to Mapai and then the Labour Party — stretch from "Mish-Eav" construction company, to its big bank, the Moriah Travel Agency and a wide range of business activities, not to speak of its settlement movements. There are also a network of educational institutions topped by Bar-Ilan University.

The present election campaign has been marked by charges and counter-charges of abuses and

Political Reporter MARK SEGAL discusses the men and the issues involved in the National Religious Party power struggle. Five lists are contesting the party election tomorrow.

misuse of public and party funds. One insider told me that at least 113m. have been spent by the five warring factions on courting the voters. Scandals have not been lacking, stories have emerged from the party headquarters of chairs and glasses of tea flying in all directions during quarrels, and of internal financial disorder.

In 1968 the N.R.P. elections were mainly a contest between the United Bloc led by Haim Moshe Shapiro and encompassing all the old party establishments, and the Youth circles, who emerged with nearly 25 per cent of the convention. However, the Shapiro bloc has fragmented in the meantime, and the N.R.P. voters can choose between five lists.

Much of the trouble that faced the Government coalition from the N.R.P. was the result of there being three N.R.P. Cabinet Ministers and four party leaders. For alongside Interior Minister Yosef Burg, Religious Affairs Minister Zerach Warhaftig and Social Welfare Minister Michael Hazani there has loomed the party's executive council

chairman, Yitzhak Raphael. Indeed, Dr. Raphael only lost the contest for the Social Welfare portfolio to the party executive to Dr. Hazani by one vote, and that because the Youth circles switched their backing to the latter, who now no longer enjoys their support. They claim that he did not "deliver" the deputy ministerhip they claimed he promised them.

In the intervening years the two Youth circles leaders, Zevulun Hammer and Dr. Yehuda Ben-Meir, have worked hard at building up a reputation as "enfants terribles" and Mr. Hammer's supporters believe that at least he should be in the Cabinet. Thus there are now five contestants for the three seats around the Cabinet table.

These elections are ostensibly about ideological and political programmes, with each faction not only talking of how best to run the party but also the state. Some are more maximalist on the borders issue than the others, but it is a question of emphasis rather than of a basic line.

The N.R.P. elections and the convention afterwards will influence the composition of the party's next Knesset list, and thus of the Knesset faction that will emerge after next year's elections. Whoever is in the more dominant position will obviously be able to dictate the future composition of the executive bodies which choose the party's candidates for Cabinet membership.

RAPHAEL'S PROGRAMME
The programme of Dr. Raphael's faction includes a commitment that the party will never remain in a government that will give up Judea, Samaria, the Gaza Strip and the Golan Heights (eventual border in Sinai to be determined by strategic requirements). At present Dr. Raphael is the only member of his faction in the Knesset, and this they hope to change radically. His supporters include Tel Aviv Deputy Mayor Haim Basok, Ramle Mayor Aharon Abuhadra, and Jerusalem Deputy Mayor Rabbi Sha'ar-Yashuv Cohen.

The old Labour wing, Lamifneh, has been revived, at least in name, by Dr. Burg and Mr. Hazani. They enjoy support in the religious kibbutz movement, among the Hapoel Hamizrachi trade union and among party functionaries. This list has three M.K.'s: Mr. Hazani (the only N.R.P. Minister still retaining his Knesset membership), Avraham Melamed and Simha Friedman, the latter one of the Kibbutz Hadati's more prominent leaders.

The Youth circles have a maximalist platform. They have joined forces with the younger leadership circle led by Moshe Iahon and Pinhas Feder. This list's No. 3 man is Aharon Cohen, of the World Centre of the Mizrahi Movement.

'RIGHTFUL HEIRS'
Dr. Warhaftig's "Central List" is closer to the line of Lamifneh faction. The "Central List" was weakened some months ago when Mr. Hazani reverted to his old loyalty, Dr. Burg's Lamifneh, but at the time it enhanced Dr. Warhaftig in his position as sole leader. The "Central List" claims to be "the rightful heirs" to the Shapiro tradition. It has three M.K.'s — Yosef Goldschmidt, Deputy Knesset Speaker Tova Sanhedral and Benjamin Shachor, plus party secretary Eliezer Goelman, who although not very popular in the party controls a number of branches.

The fifth faction is the Oriental communities faction, led by two M.K.'s, Daniel Levi and Avner Scialky. The faction's election campaign has been weakened by the prolonged absence abroad of Dr. Scialky, who resigned from being Deputy Minister of Education after voting against the Government on the "Who is a Jew" issue. Indeed it is said that Dr. Scialky enjoys open support of the Lubavitcher Rebbe and his Habad movement after they persuaded him to adopt an anti-coalition line on the "Who is a Jew" issue.

Elections are being held throughout the party's branches, with the most important fight for control of Jerusalem — which has been divided up into five sub-divisions.

dance news
dora sowden

ROYAL BALLET COMING FOR FESTIVAL

THE Royal Ballet, from Covent Garden, London, is coming to Israel next August for the Israel Festival. Rudolf Nureyev may head the company. Mr. John Auld, assistant director of the Royal Ballet, here for the International Conference of Festival Directors, told me this when I met him in Tel Aviv. When I asked whether Dame Margot Fonteyn would also come, he replied, "Anything can happen. She arranges her appearances only three months ahead, so we must wait." Whether she comes or not, the visit will be one of the great events of our 25th anniversary celebrations.

There will be about 40 dancers, including the Royal Ballet Star Lynn Seymour, in the company that comes here.

"We have found that the entire company is too large for touring and too expensive, so we have happened on this smaller company," said Mr. Auld. "We cannot therefore put on the very large ballets like 'The Sleeping Beauty', but the programmes will be representative." He could not yet name the ballets that will be performed.

The Directors of Festivals meet in a different country each year. This year is Israel's turn, and 27 of them have come here. "We are all entirely independent," Mr. Georg Kjellberg, general secretary of the Stockholm Festival explained, "but we exchange ideas and information about performances and that is very useful."

Would the Royal Swedish Ballet be coming here? "Everything is possible," said Mr. Kjellberg. He also included among the "possibilities" a visit by the Bat-Dor Dance Company to Sweden.

THERE is a shortage of male dancers in Israel — and Paul Sanasardo, the American choreographer who has created such successful ballets for Bat-Dor, gave his ideas on the reasons when he paid his second visit to the country recently.

"I think army service has something to do with it," he said, "but I think early marriage is an even stronger reason. The men soon have the responsibility of supporting families and have no time for training before they start earning a living."

THROUGH a misunderstanding in a telephone conversation, Israel may have lost the chance of getting one of Russia's brilliant dancers. Alexander Mintz, 32, a principal of the Kirov Ballet, reached Vienna recently and telephoned a friend in Israel. From this conversation he drew the conclusion that there would be no opening for him, a classical dancer, in Israel. "He therefore went first to Rome," his

A chance for the other Bat-Dor stars
By JOAN B. CASS
JEANNETTE Ordman's foot injury, which caused a cancellation of 'Metallica' proved to be a lucky break for the company and for the Tel Aviv audience which saw their recent performance.

Three dances proved to be exactly enough — Bat-Dor concerts often go on too long. Further, the deletion cut into the usual stifling domination by Miss Ordman, thereby allowing other stars to shine more brightly.

Peaz illuminated the Bat-Dor firmament last spring and now her inner glow fired "Myth" and lent a tantalizing sophistication to "Dance Pictures". Miriam Zamir, who returns to the company after a year's absence, showed tender lyrical grace and linear clarity in "Myth" and "Little Hell". Ora Oror glowed like hot coal in a convincing, devilish encounter with four boys in "Little Hell".

If it is a critic's pleasure to spot new luminosity in female dancers, it is even more gratifying to find it among the males. (No offence to my sisters in liberation—good male dancers are simply very rare.) David Rapoport emerged from the anonymity of the ensemble to engrave the central figure in "Myth" with a sharply modelled strength.

Best of all was Lonia Brauda, who immigrated from Riga only a few months ago. He showed evidence of the famed Russian excellence in classical ballet training, and although new to modern dance (regarded in the Soviet Union as unacceptable bourgeois decadence), he appeared to have no trouble with the more dynamic styles in "Myth" and "Dance Pictures". Remember the name — Lonia Brauda — because I predict that he will become one of Bat-Dor's and Israel's outstanding dancers.

All the works presented were new to the repertoire. Walter Gore's "Dance Pictures", a formally well-constructed allegory of the world as a dance stage, was enjoyable with movement rebounding from place to place. Of Paul Sanasardo's two works I found "Little Hell" less interesting. The movement tends to be bland or merely tentative. "Myth" on the other hand builds successfully on contrasting movement textures.



American choreographer Paul Sanasardo... why there is a shortage of male ballet dancers in Israel.

mother, Mrs. G. Mintz, who is already in Israel, told me. "Now I hear that he has gone to Canada. I want him to come and settle here." The Bat-Dor Society sent him a cable inviting him to come, but the cable was returned from Rome. The society is now waiting for Mrs. Mintz to receive her son's Canadian address.

Meanwhile, another Kirov Star, Valery Panov, is still in Russia — and in despair. "People speak of ransom but I am far even from that," he said bitterly in a telephone conversation with Yosef Frankel, of the Bat-Dor Society. "I think they want to finish me as a dancer, to keep me here until I am too old to dance."

Panov, who is 34, went to Vilna after his prison term during the Nixon visit. He is now back in Leningrad, but neither he nor his wife, Galina Rogosina, is allowed to work. They rehearse at home, but it is "heartbreaking." They live on whatever contributions they get from abroad.

"Please ask people to protest for me, to ask for my release, to do whatever they can," he begged in tears. "All I want is to dance and teach in Israel."

ANNE Wilson, whose one-woman dance programmes have enriched appreciation and understanding of ballet in Israel, is coming here from New York for another series of performances from January 15 to February 9. Her programme will be entirely new. In her former lecture demonstrations she dealt with the history of ballet, classical and modern. This time she will deal with the history of tap dancing and the "dance story of American jazz." She intends to round this off with excerpts from "Billy the Kid" (music by Aaron Copland) with a male partner.

Anne Wilson has been described in the U.S. as "the American star of Israel's kibbutzim." During her last visit she gave 23 performances in schools in the Haifa area in the course of one month. In an article in "Tarbut," the quarterly of the America-Israel Cultural Foundation, she has given an account of her experiences with the Israeli children, the impact on them of her illustrated programme and their developing understanding of what she presented.

IS there an Israeli library, museum or university which is ready to accept a "dance library"? Anne Wilson initiated the project and got along so well with it at the American end that, in her own words, her house is already "bulging with books." She writes to say that so far no arrangements have been made about the material which people are "most ready to give." Is there no organisation here willing to take advantage of this opportunity? The literature available in this country on dance is distressingly scanty. Here is a chance to correct the deficiency.

THREE FACES OF JAZZ



JAZZ at the Jerusalem Theatre (October 28). The "Platina" Ensemble: Dan Gottfried and his Jazz Workshop; Mel Keller and his Sextet.

THESE three groups represented three different attitudes towards jazz and, in a way, also three different periods and styles in the development of the music.

The "Platina" Quintet — three new immigrants from Eastern Europe, a Detroit trumpeter and a home-grown drummer — prefer the noly approach, exaggerated electronic amplification and a rather stereotyped presentation with monotony in the variations. Most of the pieces played were by the Leningrad flautist obviously a sound professional who also showed his mastery of the saxophone. The trumpeter is still in search of his style; his striving for squeaking top notes and running up and down the diapason of the instrument for no reason at all dulls the interest very quickly.

The pianist is good though the disembodied sound of the electric instrument does not have much attraction for listeners with musical demands. Even the double bass was electrified and impressed its message on the audience in no uncertain terms.

But, to our relief, the most applause was given by the youthful audience for a soft number — a charming flute solo accompanied by bass and soft percussion, mostly a triangle. The positive qualities of this group may come out more advantageously if the musicians would consider presenting their performance with less electronic noise and introducing more variety into their rather limited stock phrases.

Dan Gottfried — using a "normal" grand piano, with Albert Flament on soprano and alto saxophone, plus electric guitar and percussion — provided much more stimulus for the listener.

REWARDING GROUP
The Gottfried Workshop used a Hebrew song as basic material, then a Yiddish one (brilliantly mixing Bach with it), an American tune and, finally, two Arab tunes. The leader's pianistic show his classical grounding without spoiling his style in jazz and sophistication is the hallmark of the quartet. Musically, this group was the most rewarding on this evening.

Mel Keller — with "only" one Russian immigrant (electric guitar) to his credit, but two "Anglo-Saxons" and one former Hungarian, and even an Israeli in the ensemble — has his basic music written out in parts. He is more tradition-bound than the others to earlier stages of jazz. His example of Dizzyland was by far the most attractive contribution of this group, followed closely by the final number, reaching into the world of negro spiritualism and expressing the intense fervour of prayer in an abandoned manner. Mel Keller is a sincere and serious musician who approaches jazz as an art and not as entertainment or noisy background. In a concert-like presentation on a concert stage, discussions between the musicians' and

directives given during playing numbers make for a certain clumsiness in performance as the improvisatory parts never show much flight into inspiration.

The audience followed presentations with interest, although there was there any real excitement or even enthusiasm. To bring jazz into the concert hall is not a new thing, but to simply transfer regular performances from a bar or a discotheque to a stage where audience participation is limited, or frustrated through the atmosphere of the venue, does not seem to solve the problem. Perhaps Dan Gottfried's approach is the most valid for this purpose, and Mel Keller would do well to give more of "historical" examples from the Golden Age of Jazz. And, please, watch the electronics!

A pianist newcomer

MUSIC AT EIN KAREM: Alexander Braginsky, piano (Fritz Kreisler Variations, op. 54; Beethoven's Sonata, op. 109; Schumann's Sonata, op. 10, No. 3; Scarlatti's 3 Sonatas).

IN the series presenting performances by newcomers, we heard another pianist with another rather conservative programme, though a little more personally sketched through than in recent similar presentations.

Alexander Braginsky displayed a tasteful romantic interpretation in the Mendelssohn Variations. He worked under obvious nervous tension which hampered his otherwise flawless presentation of the Beethoven Sonata, but it was just here that one could discern a serious musician trying to give meaning to his playing.

The second part of the programme brought a most satisfying reading of the Schumann Sonata in G-minor, where again the proper romantic attitude and great technical resources were provided by the pianist. The two pieces from the Impressionist repertoire were reflected in a rather too sober manner. The two closing sonatas also lacked the lucid and lively presentation desired by Scarlatti's little pearls.

Over 500 of these sonatas have been published — one finer and more original than the other — but the pianist somehow chose two standard pieces in old-fashioned editions which were regular encores some 50 years ago.

There seems no doubt that, given the chance to widen his repertoire, Alexander Braginsky could belong to the group of pianists we are interested enough to be heard more than once.

BAR-ILAN UNIVERSITY

The public is cordially invited to attend the laying of the corner-stone of the FACULTY HOUSE sponsored by MEXICAN JEWRY at the University on Thursday, November 2, 1972 at 12 noon.

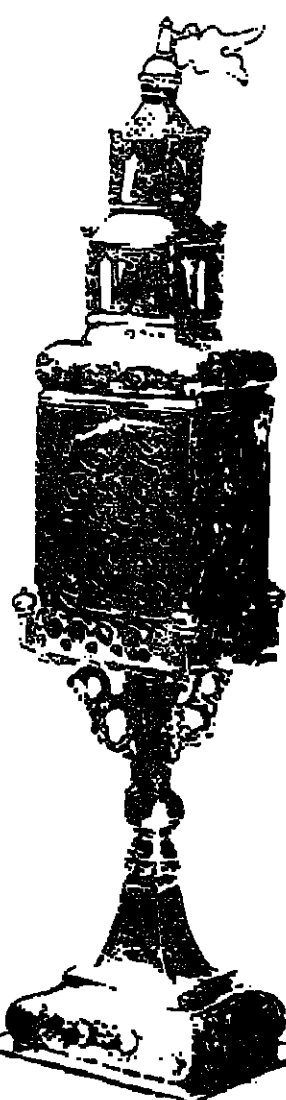
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Time: 8.30 p.m.
Date: November 1, 1972
Place: Hotel Zion, 10 Rehov Dorot Rishonim, Jerusalem



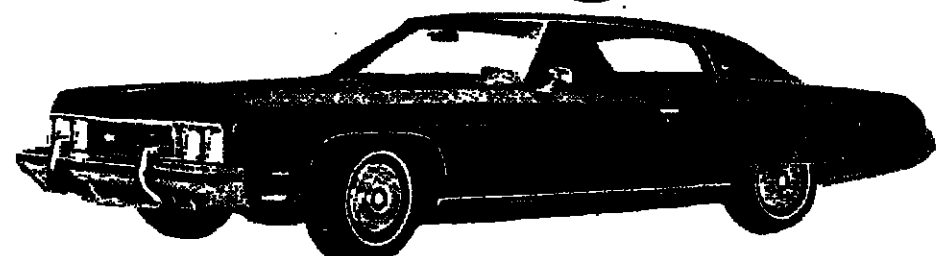
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CHEVROLET

Sales brisk as the new models arrive

THE JERUSALEM POST CAR PAGE

No big changes; strong accent again on safety features



The new 1973 Subaru cars reach Israel from Japan via Eilat and are transported to the distributors in Tel Aviv on specially designed car transporters. All other imported cars enter the country via Haifa or Ashdod and are driven individually to their destination.

Jerusalem Post Motoring Correspondent

The 1973 car models are making their appearance on the Israeli market to generally brisk sales. While there are no radical changes in any of the makes, there are some new models and some styling modifications. The accent on safety features remains strong.

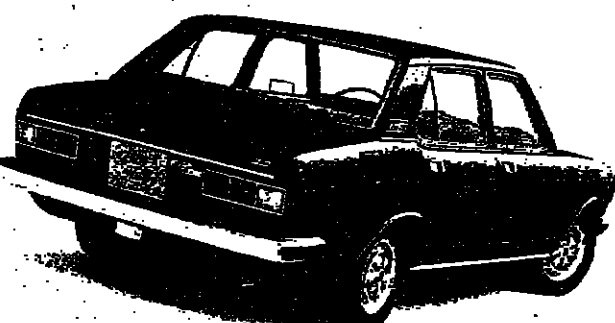
Fiat is offering the public its attractive new 132 model which is designed to fit into its model range between the medium-sized 124 and the luxury 130.

Volkswagen is calling its partially redesigned 411 saloon the 412. The factory is attempting the difficult feat of making its cars look modern without being modish. This is in keeping with the established VW policy of keeping its designs independent of the shifts of fashion.

Sweden's Volvo continues to supply luxury along with sturdy construction and safety. Saab offers only slight changes on its new models.

Japan's Subaru is continuing its strong showing on the Israeli market, where it has established a firm sales base.

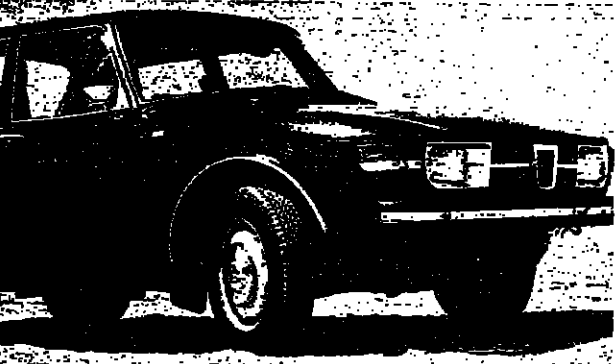
This review of new models is to be followed on a future car page with illustrations of other makes on the Israeli market.



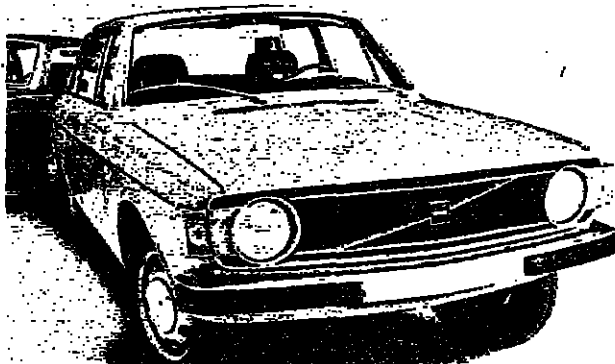
Fiat 132



Volkswagen 412



Saab



Volvo

Israeli elected to board of world car firm

An Israeli was elected recently to the international board of the Inter-Rent car rental firm, Europe's biggest.

Mr. Mordechai Shefer, manager of the Israeli branch, was elected at the meeting in Hamburg, which was attended by the firm's representatives from Lebanon, Tunisia and Morocco. The absentees excused by letter that they had been unable to obtain German visas in time for the meeting, Mr. Shefer said. (This was a result of the Munich massacre.)

Inter-Rent operates 24 rental stations in Israel and has a fleet of 100 to 400 cars. Its representative here is Champion Motors Ltd., Volkswagen distributor.

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TRAVELLING IN PALESTINE BEFORE WORLD WAR I It was tough in the old days too

ARTHUR Ruppin, in his "Memoirs, Diaries, Letters" (published by Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1971, translated from the German by Karen Gershon), gives a vivid account of the difficulties of travelling in Palestine at the beginning of the century. "Travel by coach in pre-World War I Palestine was torture because of the number of holes in the road surfaces, the terrible dust in the summer and the knee-deep mud in the winter. The horses were emaciated and incapable of pulling their load (one of the coachmen jokingly called them his *Uley* (egles); there were no facilities for having a meal or for lodging overnight on the way. During the Great War, when the Turks removed the rails between Jaffa and Jerusalem and all traffic between the two towns was restricted to the roads, the journey lasted ten to fourteen hours and sometimes more. Even short stretches of road on which there was a lot of traffic — for instance, Jaffa-Petah Tikva — were in terrible condition; as a rule, in summer, passengers walked the stretches that led

across sand and helped the horses to pull the coach. "Occasionally, the 'coach' was a hansom cab with two horses that could take three people (two on the back seat and one on a small wooden bench that could be set up), but more often it was a diligence pulled by three horses and had three cross-benches with wooden back rests, leaving room for eight people besides the coachman (usually, however, far more people travelled on it). One day, on the road from Jaffa to Petah Tikva, the German agronomist Hubert Auhagen and I met a diligence containing the correct number of travellers, that is, eight people; he stood rooted with surprise and said: 'Here comes an empty diligence with only eight passengers!' The journey by coach from Jaffa to Haifa took one-and-a-half days. In 1912 or 1913, Shmaryahu Levin made the journey from Jaffa to Haifa (changing horses at Zikhron Ya'akov) in one day (without staying overnight at Zikhron Ya'akov); this was considered great progress. The worst journeys were those in the southern part of Palestine (in the vicinity

of Beersheba or from Kastina (Be'er Tuviyah) to Gaza). Here the coaches regularly got stuck in the wadis, and it took hours of hard work to drag them out. "The first motor-car (imported from the United States) appeared in Palestine in 1912; it belonged to Aaron Aaronson. It aroused a great deal of interest, but after a short while it broke down and disappeared from the roads. Shortly before the Great War, a German called Wagner produced a car in his engineering works in Jaffa by fitting an engine into a sort of hansom cab. This car could be rented from him for special journeys. I used it shortly before war broke out for an urgent journey from Jaffa to Haifa. I paid 106 francs (more than £4) for it and made the journey in five hours, which at that time appeared to be an amazing feat. Cars became the regular means of transportation in Palestine only after the Great War. "The best connection between Jaffa and Haifa was by boat. Steamers made the voyage in no more than four to five hours. Nevertheless, almost nobody went by boat in winter, and even in summer it was rare to find people travelling this way because they shrank from having to get on and off the boat. The approach to Jaffa had a bad reputation because of the rocks, and the difficulties of embarking and disembarking there."

כמה עניינים

Reflectors for the old and young

MORE than 80,000 armband reflectors will be distributed to school children and residents of old-age homes as part of the Transport Ministry's activities during November Road Safety Month, the Ministry spokesman reports. About half of all traffic casualties are pedestrians, he added.

The armband reflectors are to be worn by pedestrians walking along unlighted roads, and also lighted roads during the winter months, when rain reduces visibility.

The reflectors can be of great help to motorists in spotting pedestrians in time. When not in use the armbands can be folded and easily carried in a pocket or purse.

Armband reflectors have long been in use in several countries in Europe and are especially recommended for people living in rural districts — adults along with children and the elderly — the spokesman said.

Getting along without cars

HONOLULU (AP). — The University of Hawaii is offering a course called "Survival-Plus Programme" which requires students to use means of transportation other than the car in commuting to and from school. School officials believe this to be a "first" in attempting to clear college campuses of the car.

The university, with 23,000 students, and 6,700 cars registered for parking, is facing a common campus problem. The course attempts to teach students that they can get along without cars.

Cheaper to junk than to pay parking

TOKYO (AP). — Police here report that their campaign to haul away illegally parked cars has run into problems. The owners of 400 vehicles cannot be traced and the owners of another 60 old models say that they are not interested in claiming their vehicles. It's cheaper to junk them than to pay parking and hauling fees, they say.

WHEN MURDER IS AN 'ACCIDENT'

KILL a man with a gun and we call it murder. Kill a man with a two-ton vehicle and we call it an accident.

Highways have been broadened, red and green lights installed in thousands, yet death in traffic accidents continues to exceed the death toll of our wars.

Speed — speed! The urge to get somewhere fast. It was in 1903 that the First Motor Act with a speed limit was brought into being in England with a speed limit for all motor vehicles of 20 mph. (32 kph), T.E. Lawrence, a year before his death on his powerful motorcycle, wrote to his friend, Liddell Hart:

Love of speed

"To explain the love of speed you would have to explain human nature. All men in all ages have begged themselves for fast horses or fast camels or ships or cars or bikes or aeroplanes: all men have strained themselves to run or walk or swim faster. Speed is the second oldest animal craving in our nature and our generation is fortunate in being able to indulge it more cheaply and generally than our ancestors. Every natural man cultivates the speed that appeals to him."

There are an estimated 140 million motor vehicles in widely varying states of repair in use in the world, and annual production is running at 15 million. Scrapping has been estimated at about 11 million.

Speed used judiciously in the right place and with skill is a danger to nobody; but speed used carelessly and selfishly is fraught with danger, and even death.

Speed also induces a measure of optical illusion. While driving at speed it is easy to mistake the distance of an object, which appears further away than it actually is.

Another aspect of road safety touches what is called kinetic energy, which means the moving force possessed by a vehicle in motion. Another way to put it is to refer to kinetic energy as the kick possessed by a moving vehicle. A small car weighing about a ton and moving at a speed of 40 miles per hour (64 kph.) strikes the same blow as sixteen ton-ton steam rollers travelling at their highest speed, which is 3 miles per hour (4.8 kph.)

If you are driving a big seven-seater two-ton car at 60 miles per hour (96 kph.) its kinetic energy is more than that of 100 ton-ton steam rollers moving at 4.8 km. per hour.

(From an article in the "Jerusalem Chronicle" by T.J. Clonger.)

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The prewinter check campaign is being held again this year at all authorized garages; the IL3 charge is a donation to ILAN. Don't wait to the last minute! Prepare your car now. Have it checked today!

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Ministry of Transport • National Accident Prevention Council • Israel Garage Owners' Assoc.

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WHAT'S ON ON THE AIR

MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1972. FIRST PROGRAMME: 224, 244 and 243 M. News: 8.00, 10.00 and 11.00 a.m.

CINEMAS

JERUSALEM (4-7-9). ARNON: L'Albatros; EDEN: The Godfather... TEL AVIV (4-30 7-15, 9-30). ALLENBY: The Godfather...

HAIFA

4:00, 7:00, 9:00. AMPHITHEATRE: The Beatles... RAMAT GAN: AMNON: The Queen of Scots...

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TECHNION ISRAELI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Department of Chemistry The public is invited to a lecture to be given by the Department's guest, Professor F.S. Rowland...

This week the first prize in Lotto is 250,000. Today is the final date for submitting Lotto forms.

Runaway prices threaten Mart's economy

THE INFLATION CANCER

By RICHARD C. LONGWORTH BRUSSELS (UPI). — The Dutch, who make butter, are eating margarine. In London, the cost of buying a home has been rising by three pounds sterling (\$7) per day. German smokers are rolling their own cigarettes and the Italians are learning to like hamburger. Inflation has hit Europe good and hard. Both governments and households are feeling the pinch. In the nine nations of the enlarged Common Market, prices are going up at an average annual rate of six per cent. In some countries like Britain, the rate is closer to 10 per cent. Common Market Vice-President Raymond Barre warned of a seven per cent average rate in 1973 unless something is done. Today the nine finance ministers meet in Luxembourg to try to do something — namely, a joint campaign against inflation. But chances for success are slim. "Inflation is the cancer of the modern economy," intoned British Chancellor of the Exchequer Anthony Barber. "In some countries it has led to the death of democratic government." Seven per cent inflation forced early elections in the Netherlands, where the voting at the end of November will be largely over what to do about wages and prices. In Britain, Prime Minister Edward Heath held marathon talks with industry and union leaders to seek voluntary measures to check inflation. Failure, Mr. Heath warned, would mean a government-imposed wage-price freeze.



Looking for bargains in the Chinese sector of London's Soho... a vain search these days.

Bonn election issue In the West German general election on November 19 the overwhelming issue is the 6.2 per cent inflation rate. The vote will be watched abroad for its impact on European détente, but Germans themselves are more worried about memories of the runaway price inflation that wiped out life savings and led to Hitler's rise. Meat-loving Germans are eating boiled or fried eggs for dinner twice a week or are turning to chicken to escape the high price of beef — up 16 per cent from \$3.5 to \$4.4 per kilo in less than a year. Cigarettes in Germany rose recently by about 10 U.S. cents per pack and many Germans have returned to the wartime custom of rolling their own. In Italy, a meat shortage has sent beef prices soaring by some 20 per cent over the last year and has introduced housewives, who formerly bought only the best beef, to the dubious joys of lowlier cuts. In Britain, inflation exacerbated the debate over Common Market entry. Housing costs, especially, have orbited — doubling across the nation in the past 10 years and, in London, nearly tripling. The housing boom touched off a wave of speculation and added a new word to the English language — "gazumping," or the custom of promising a property at a

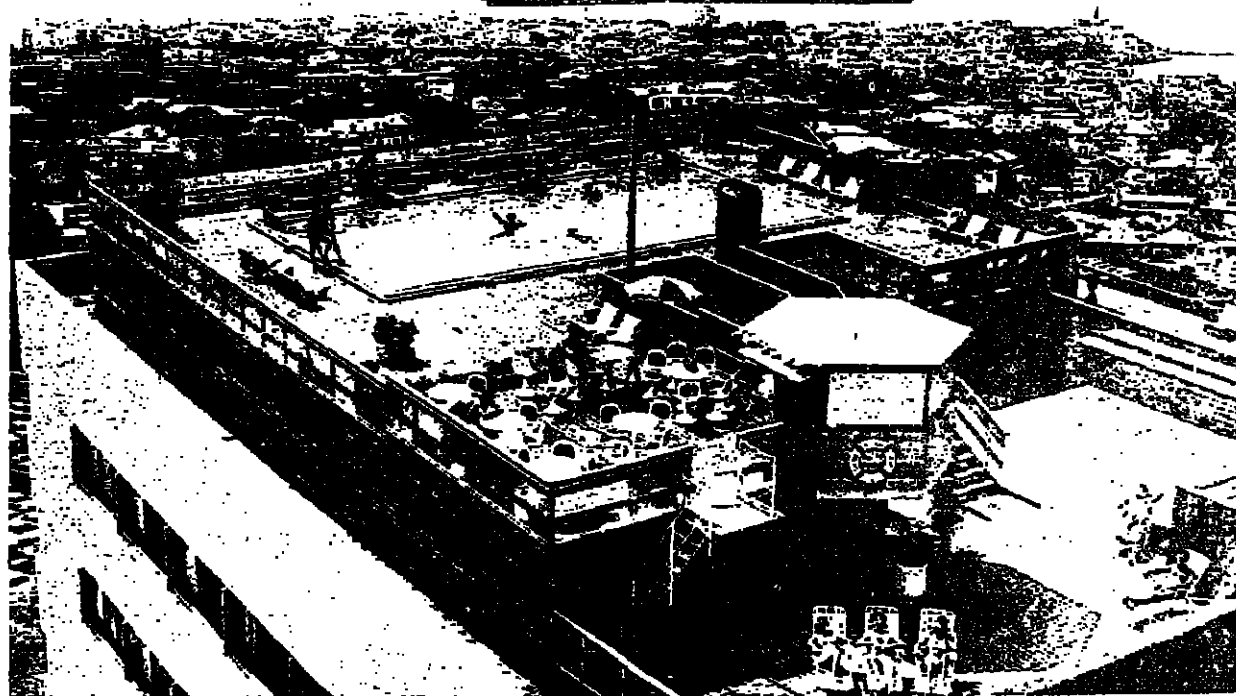
We Dutch produce butter but are forced to eat margarine. "After paying for rent, food and transportation, I hardly have enough to save, much less to spend on clothes," mourned London secretary Ann Hunter. And Frankfurt housewife Elfriede Kemmer, 32, spoke for millions of Europeans when she snapped: "The Government has to do something — and pretty quick." The Governments are beginning to agree. Europe's post-war boom has evolved into an inflationary spiral just when the U.S. has got its inflation down to three per cent — nearly perfect stability by today's standards. All this, combined with the devaluation of the dollar, means that Europe is fast losing the competitive advantage, through lower wages and costs, that it once held. As the francs, pounds and marks of Europe lose their value, the Common Market's campaign to force a united economy by 1980 built around a single currency is also endangered.

French worries France, which often opposes united action within the Common Market, was so shaken by the inflation that it called for a special ministerial meeting to do something about it. This was the genesis of today's conference in Luxembourg.

Germany responded with a proposal that the Governments agree to increase their supply of new money by only 10 per cent per year. This is half the present rate. Since too much money is a classic cause of inflation, the German idea might help. The Common Market's Executive Commission added its own ideas — an across-the-board 15 per cent cut in the Market's external tariff, a suspension in beef duties and tough action against monopolies and cartels. But hopes are not high. Britain is expected to oppose any lifting of beef duties. Cartels in Europe have survived past attempts to end price-fixing. And since the average external tariff is only 6.9 per cent anyway, a 15 per cent cut in that would lower the actual tariff by about one per cent — hardly enough to bring cheap imports flowing into Europe. No price or wage controls are foreseen — at least in all European countries. The Germans especially are wary of such Government controls. But one Common Market suggestion has begun to have an impact. The Commission advised Governments to hold increases in public spending to between nine and 10.4 per cent per year, and the 1973 Belgian Government budget, just announced, is exactly 10.4 per cent bigger than the one in 1972.

An earlier hint by Market officials that they might seek a freeze on farm prices appears to have been shot down quickly by angry protests of the politically powerful Committee of Professional Agricultural Organizations that "agriculture is not a major factor in inflation."

certain price to a buyer, then forcing him to raise his bid day by day under pressure from other prospective buyers. In Germany, food costs are up 16.4 per cent, clothing prices rose 13.4 per cent, shoes cost nearly one-third more and those two German staples — beer and potatoes — are 30 per cent dearer than they were in January. In Britain, tea is cheaper but hipsters are up. Sliced fresh bread in France runs 40 U.S. cents per half loaf today, up from 30 U.S. cents six months ago, and roast beef in a Paris market costs \$4 per kilo. In Holland, the Government, employers and workers agreed to keep wage increases to 11 per cent next year and price rises to 5.9 per cent. But Mrs. Ank Van Der Perk, a truck driver's wife, warned that living standards were going down. "Car costs are going up so much we may return to our bicycles," she said. "And we have stopped eating butter."



The recently inaugurated roof-top swimming pool at the Shelton Tower Hotel in Tel Aviv. It is open only to hotel guests and members of the hotel's health club.

Engineers out-of-date by time they graduate

Jerusalem Post Reporter HAIFA. — A number of subjects that mechanical engineering students in the Technion learn have a "half-life" of two years. By the time they complete their four-year course, the subjects are obsolete, according to the Dean of the Technion's Mechanical Engineering Faculty, Professor David Pnueli. In a speech to the Engineers' Club here on Friday, he said that this was inevitable due to the speedy advances in modern technology during the past 20 years or so. Among the subjects which date he cited laboratory work and planning. He noted that during the 15 years since he himself graduated from the Technion, many of the subjects he studied are no longer applicable at all, including steam locomotion. Professor Pnueli said courses are prepared "and constantly brought up to date" by "engineering planning" methods. These called for turning out a "workable product in the given time (four years) with a view to estimating the demands of industry by the end of the four-year course." This was the difference between engineering planning and mathematical planning. Under the latter the optimal term of study would be 29 years, so that upon graduation the students would know all there is to know, but would just be ready to retire or pass on to managing rather than practical work. An engineer's "working life" is generally 25 years, he noted. Unlike in the U.S. and Britain, where the course is only three years, Israel's industry demanded graduates who can do practical work and be "profitable" to industry, after three to six months of "working in." Industry would not accept, as in the U.S., graduates who "could do nothing useful" during the first year. Other problems he raised included the distribution of work between electrical and mechanical engineers. Who for instance should deal with electrically powered motors? The Technion's electrical engineering students concentrate on electronics, and a compromise had been reached by giving the mechanical engineering students two semesters of electricity studies. Finally he voiced objections to extending the present four years' studies to five. The students would only learn more subjects that would be obsolete by the time of their graduation. On the other hand, a three-year course might be more practical, provided industry's demands could be changed.

TEL AVIV STOCKS

MARKET IS DOWN IN SLOW DAY

TEL AVIV. — The stock market dropped yesterday in slow trading. Volume was 112.9m., of which half was traded in the variables. The General Index of Share Prices fell by 0.57 per cent to stand at 236.4. A notable exception was the Discount Bank Investment Co. The bid shares rose 9 1/2 points to 271, with 22,500 shares traded, and the new shares rose 1 1/2 points to 259, with 119,800 shares traded. Piryon was another feature against the general trend. It opened up 10 at 145, reached 150 during the variables, then dropped slowly to close at 137, up 2 on balance with \$1,000 shares traded. The listlessness in the rest of the market was attributed to lack of interest-arousing news. Dollar and Cost-of-Living bonds were moderately higher, with 112,355,600 worth of bonds traded.

AIRLINES LOSE \$600M. IN YEAR

El Al chief warns of price war dangers

By GEORGE LEONOF Jerusalem Post Reporter Intensification of the crisis in world civil aviation could very well prove to be one of the side effects of a peace settlement in Vietnam. The point was made yesterday by Yehoshua Shrem, El Al's vice-president commercial, in reporting on the generally depressed state of the civil aviation industry. Mr. Shrem, who attended the L.A.T.A. managerial conference in Malaga, Spain, earlier this month, was speaking to aviation correspondents in Tel Aviv on El Al's prospects, and the dangers of a price war unless L.A.T.A. members make a determined bid to agree on lower but still uniform fares. The advent of the giant airliners in 1970 precipitated an over-capacity crisis among international airlines from which they have yet to recover. On a global scale, their losses this year are reckoned at more than \$600m. No less than \$350m. of this deficit was marked up on the transatlantic route alone, which is served almost exclusively by the Boeing 747 and the DC-8, capable of transporting more than 400 and 250 passengers respectively. El Al was one of the few exceptions, and its transatlantic load-factor in the period from January 1 to October 21 this year was the highest in the world — 87.3 per cent — followed by Lufthansa and Pan American in that order. One result of this over-capacity was the withdrawal of earlier aircraft models from the transatlantic run (El Al will virtually follow suit with the delivery next April 18 of its third Jumbo jet). Many airlines kept a number of the now surplus planes flying on other routes, including the Vietnam run serving U.S. military personnel and tight requirements. Peace would probably put most of the latter in mothballs. Mr. Shrem emphasized that while this would hit hardest at American airlines, repercussions would inevitably be felt by international airlines everywhere. Another impending crisis appeared imminent among charter flight operators, who have been offering "dumping" rates and are now confronted with the threat of bankruptcy. Mr. Shrem pointed to last week's financial collapse of one of the world's largest charter operators, Atlantis. Charter flights would suffer a further severe blow if, as appears inevitable, L.A.T.A. members at their next conference to be held in Montreal on November 8 agree uniformly to lower fares. "Failure to reach an accord in L.A.T.A. for better or worse, could result in a suicidal price war," he warned. Mr. Shrem also gave a brief account of the separate negotiations between Israel's civil aviation authorities and their counterparts in the U.S. and Britain. He stressed that in 1950 Israel, with no airline, of its own to speak of, unguardedly gave the British carrier, B.O.A.C. and P.E.A., almost unlimited rights in Israel. In recent years El Al, now an important international carrier, could not budge the British, and 18 meetings have failed to make any progress toward meeting Israel's requests for more than the three weekly touchdowns in London. "Unless the British attitude changes, we are prepared to go to the limit to back our demands for reciprocal rights," he said. El Al spokesman said earlier that Israel would refuse to renew the aviation agreement unless Britain met its demands half way. With regards to talks in America, these are to open in Washington next month with a view to obtaining U.S. agreement for El Al landing rights at points west of New York, including Los Angeles. The Israeli negotiating team will be headed by its Ambassador in the U.S. capital, Yitzhak Rabin.

Ministers discuss Economic Conference

Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter The Ministerial Economic Committee addressed its discussions last night to the Economic Conference, due to take place on May 25-31 of next year. The last general convention of the EC took place in 1963. The coming occasion has a particular importance, owing to the recent lag in industrial investments from abroad (even though no decline is felt in hotels and real estate).

CLAL LOOKING FOR MERGERS

Jerusalem Post Economic Correspondent Following the breakdown of negotiations for fusion between two of the country's largest privately-owned concerns, Clal and the Central Trade and Investment Company, it is understood that Clal will continue to seek acquisitions and mergers elsewhere in order to expand its resources. "We are open to resume discussions with CTCIC any time," a Board member of the company told The Jerusalem Post last week. There were differences of opinion within CTCIC about the offer. Veteran shareholding families (the Zimmerns, Swirskys, Netanelis) opposed the fusion, preferring to keep control of the enterprise they had created. Israel Investors' Corporation was also among the opponents, while Mr. Victor Carter favoured Clal's proposal. The idea was to exchange shares. Clal would buy half CTCIC's holding, yielding in return a corresponding amount of its own stock. CTCIC's motive for considering the project was to widen its diversification. At present it is confined largely to cement, metals (Urdan) and textiles (Klan Dimona and the Acrylan plant). Result of the unification would have been to create a colossus, by Israeli standards — since Clal is worth 115,300m., and CTCIC 112,370m. Half the shares in Clal are owned by the "Big Three" banks (Leumi, Discount and Hapoalim); the other half are dispersed among a multitude of owners in Latin America. Fears that the merger would cause a dangerous concentration of power are discounted by its sponsors. They explain that Clal is still too small for some of the more ambitious purposes it has in mind. First of all, it is small compared with the Histadrut's Hevrat Ovdim, or with the Treasury's massive interventions in the business sector. More particularly, Clal would like to undertake more ambitious activities. One of them is to acquire a foothold in Japan, which is the world's fastest-growing commercial centre. To open an active subsidiary there would be expensive, considering the company's existing resources. Also Clal aims to have its shares registered on the New York Stock Exchange. "It costs us \$1m. to mobilize \$10m. of capital on the American market. If we merged with CTCIC we could double that sum for the same outlay," the spokesman said. Whether the idea is revived or not, Clal intends to expand anyway — and to double its assets within the next two or three years, bringing their value up to 111,000m., he added.

Table with multiple columns listing various financial instruments, companies, and their corresponding values or prices. Includes sections for DEBENTURES, PUBLIC UTILITIES, BANKING INSUR. & FINANCE, and DEVELOPMENT.

Advertisement for Institut Français de Tel-Aviv. Includes text: "111 Rehov Hayarkon Tuesday October 31, 1972 Lecture by Mr. Jean Soler Cultural Attaché of the French Embassy; Director of the French Institute on A SUNDAY MIDDAY IN JUNE AT THE IONESCO'S THEATRE"

announcing the August winners of the Tel Aviv Hilton "Kol Hakavod" Courtesy Campaign



The Kol Hakavod Campaign is designed to find the Hilton's most courteous and efficient personnel. Winners are voted on by hotel guests and by department heads, with the first prize-winner receiving IL 250 and the right to compete for the Annual Kol Hakavod Award — a trip to Europe. Pictured here are the Kol Hakavod courtesy contest winners of August 1972; from left to right: Mr. Shlomo Saki Zada — Demi-Chef, Mrs. Allegra Kahiri — Chamber Maid, Mr. Abraham Matassar — Butcher, Miss Adriana Milner — Reservations Clerk, Mr. Jaber Said — Gardner.

Electronics firm — aged 5 — expects \$2m. exports

Jerusalem Post Economic Editor VISHAY Israel — a subsidiary of Vishay Intertechnology Inc. — which exported goods worth \$180,000 in 1970 and \$700,000 last year, expects to achieve \$2.5m. this year and to almost double that in 1973. Several expansion projects still under way or in the planning stage are intended to increase the company's production and exports to a multiple of the present volume. Founded after the Six Day War, the company is producing electronic components such as precision resistors and trimmers which are essential for advanced aviation, rocket and space industries. Chips for resistors manufactured in Britain, France and Japan by licensees of Vishay Intertechnology are also delivered from the Tel Aviv plant. Production of strain gaugers and potentiometers will be started shortly, with stress analysis devices — both electronic and photoelastic. To be taken up later. While basic know-how is provided by Vishay Inc., local research and development has already resulted in a number of product improvements, e.g., a resistor network developed here and currently exported to the parent company. The added value of the local output is estimated at 90 per cent. Only about 150 people are employed, including some 30 senior staff. Within a year another 100 employees may be added, but both investment and labour cost are relatively low, while profitability is stated to be very satisfactory. Local sales amount to at least IL200,000 a year, and are not expected to increase significantly in the foreseeable future. Most of the company's exports go to the U.S., Canada, Japan, Germany, Britain and France, but the share of the American market is expected to decline in time. The parent company owns 90 per cent of Vishay Israel capital, with the rest held by Shamir Investment Co., a family holding company of Mr. Moshe Shamir, who is the company's president and vice-president of Vishay Inc. The advantage of an Israeli subsidiary for the American company, says Mr. Shamir, is that it makes available skilled personnel at a lower wage cost than in either America or Europe. There are also the tax and capital incentives granted to "approved enterprises," and the facilities enjoyed by exporters in this country, including the relatively cheap export credits.

Advertisement for the ANNUAL CONFERENCE ISRAEL ADVERTISING ASSOCIATION. Includes text: "COMMERCIAL TELEVISION Seminar conducted and presented by Guest Lecturer BRUCE STAUDERMAN International expert on television advertising and consultant to leading advertising agencies in the U.S.A. and Europe. Lecture illustrated with films and slides on THE ANATOMY OF A TV COMMERCIAL"

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Advertisement for RENT-A-CAR. Includes text: "FREE unlimited mileage from \$ 89. - weekly This coupon is also valid for reductions on tours or a free BAZAK GUIDE when you book 2 or more tours Agents for UNITED TOURS Hertz SIGHTSEEING 81 Hayarkon St. Tel Aviv Tel. 56248 932656"

BUS FARES: THE CASE AGAINST A PRICE RISE



Why police were kept in dark over Mafia

By JOYCE EGGERTON
NEW YORK (Oha) — It has been said of the New York Mafia that almost nothing is known about it, whether it exists. "Informants" books and films have been published — of the crimes committed about the alleged infiltration of the Mafia into legitimate business. And from time to time, blooded corpses, victims of an internecine underworld feud, littered the sidewalks of New York.

The only thing missing, these years, has been enough evidence to convict the Mafia leaders — whose names and addresses have been published — of the crimes which everyone thinks they committed. But a fortnight ago, in an unprecedented action, the office of the Brooklyn District Attorney, Eugene Gold, issued 677 subpoenas to people believed to have intimate knowledge of Mafia activities in the New York area. Another 200-300 subpoenas are expected.

JUDY PORE — Last week, as a result, a grand jury is beginning a massive investigation into alleged Mafia infiltration into police, unions, politics, and some 200 businesses in the city. It will also examine fresh evidence about Mafia involvement in drug trafficking, gambling, assault, extortion, kidnaping, forgery, burglary and prostitution.

When the weeks of secret grand jury hearings are over, a public police official has predicted, New Yorkers may "see a couple of hundred of these fellows going to jail." If so, it will be the first time that the Mafia has had its widespread activities temporarily curtailed.

Mr. Gold has succeeded where the New York City Police failed by using his own investigators who managed to maintain a secret surveillance operation for almost a year. Having discovered that an apparently innocent caravan in a Brooklyn jurisdiction was the main meeting place of the city's Mafia leaders, Mr. Gold's investigators succeeded in "bugging" it — bribing a guard with steak to break in and plant the recording device — and collecting 1,600,000 feet of incriminating tape, plus film still photographs.

SHARED PROFITS — It may seem curious that before Mr. Gold became suspicious, none of the New York police questioned the number of Italian-driven Cadillacs which pulled up at the junkyard. But the subpoenas indicate that at least 100 New York City policemen did only know what was going on in that tattered blue and grey caravan, but shared in some of the profits.

The hundreds of subpoenas Mafiosi are faced with a grim choice. If they refuse to testify, they can spend up to four years in prison for contempt of court. If they lie to the court, they risk a longer imprisonment for perjury. If they tell the truth and are freed, they risk execution by the Mafia.

MURDERERS ESCAPE

THE three surviving killers of Israel's athletes in Munich are now once more at liberty, free to kill again, and proof that those who assassinate Israelis abroad may hope to escape punishment even if they are caught in the act.

The German government yielded promptly to the demands for the killers' release by the terrorists who hijacked a Lufthansa plane on its way to Ankara — almost as though they had been waiting for this to happen and to relieve them of the need to put their prisoners on trial.

No doubt Bonn will argue that it is mainly because the 11 Israelis were murdered when they were held hostages in Munich that Bonn would not endanger the passengers and crew

of the hijacked plane yesterday, and preferred to agree to the terrorists' demand. But Israelis are the target of the terrorists. The terrorists would not lightly have decided to let these passengers, including eight Arabs, die on the plane, together with themselves and possibly the three rescued murderers as well, as the Yugoslavs seem to have feared when they agreed to allow the plane to be refuelled. Lufthansa has now paid blackmail for the second time, apparently taking some independent action to this end, and have revealed themselves as an easy target. They are wrong if they believe that now, with the prisoners gone, they will be immune to further attacks. To yield to blackmail is to invite further extortion.

SECOND CHANCE

THIS year about 20 per cent of the students at the Hebrew University will be drawn from the Oriental communities, compared with only 12 per cent last year, and negligible numbers only a few years ago. The majority of them have gone through the Centre for Pre-Academic Studies established to help them catch up on what they may have missed in their schooling and qualify them for University or Technion admission.

The Convocation of the University held today to mark the new academic year of the Centre is thus evidence of a vital part of the University's work, and will be only partially dimmed by the strike of the students at the University itself. Ten years have passed since the first experiments were made at the Hebrew University and the Technion to give a fair chance of a higher education to disadvantaged students with inadequate schooling.

Since then efforts have been made to narrow the educational

gap by means of enrichment programmes, by raising the school-leaving age by two years and by emphasis on pre-school education. However, many years must pass before equality of educational performance for all communities can be assured by these methods. At the Pre-Academic Centre young people ending their military service and not qualified to study have a chance to make up what they missed.

In view of their special study needs, the University is seeking to maintain these students, and will launch an appeal at today's gathering.

This approach to the problem of disadvantaged youth is more promising than the system of open admissions now being tried in the U.S. For an academic course equalization of standards upwards is needed, not downwards. The proof is in the results, and these have been remarkably good, the students from the Centre proving capable and devoted students once they reach the University.

Of all the monopolies thriving in this country, that of the bus co-operatives is the most entrenched and the least justified, says Economic Editor MOSHE ATER. He argues that a thorough reappraisal is now long overdue.



The average age of buses operated by the co-operatives has not changed since 1960.

CAR ownership has been spreading rapidly in this country. However, 85 per cent of all families do not own a car. Even family members of car owners must often resort to a bus. In an average household bus fares may account for, say, 10 per cent of the total expenditure, almost as much as clothing, twice as much as health or education. Therefore a rise in bus fares hits most people incomparably harder than a hike in the price of such essentials as bread or milk.

Must bus fares go up? This seems to be the decision of the competent authorities, based on rising operating costs. The only point still being debated is the extent to which this hike should be borne by the taxpayer in the form of increased subsidies to the bus co-operatives. As a matter of fact, the price index of "inputs in buses" — popularly called the "bus transport basket" — advanced 31 per cent between the second quarter of 1971 and that of 1972. This figure makes the co-operatives' requests look rather modest, yet the public will find them hard to digest.

RISE IN COSTS — With due respect to statistics, such a large rise in bus operating cost is astonishing. Over that same period, building costs — allegedly most influenced by inflation — advanced half as much (16 per cent). The price index of agricultural inputs advanced 17 per cent. The cost of living advanced only 12 per cent, while wholesale prices of manufactured products edged up half as much.

Is there perhaps something wrong with the way the bus costs are computed? Is there perhaps a bias towards an excessive rise built into the "basket"?

Admittedly, the "basket" was agreed upon by the government experts. Moreover, the government is contractually committed to abide by it. But it is remarkable that the bus index was

rising at the most rapid rate even before 1971. Is this rooted in technical factors, or does it lie with the efficiency of bus operation or with the earnings of the bus co-operatives?

Not even the Histadrut's fullest support can gloss over the fact that bus co-operatives in this country enjoy a monopoly. Moreover, it is doubtful whether the control exercised by the government over quality, price and profits of the co-operatives' service is half as effective as that applied to several monopolistic industrial companies.

Since the "basket" figures are suspect, other statistics concerning bus transport may help illuminate the situation.

EFFICIENCY — Compared with the 1968 average, industrial proceeds at mid-1972 were up 110 per cent, while the labour input (man-days worked) in industry was up 30 per cent. Of the 60 per cent increase in money output per man-day worked, about one-half (33 per cent) was a reflection of higher (wholesale) prices, while the other half represented a real advance in productivity, that is a larger output of manufactured products per man-day worked.

Over this same period, proceeds of bus services increased 90 per cent and their labour input 20 per cent, which also results in a 60 per cent rise per man-day worked. But interurban bus fares rose almost 40 per cent, and urban fares more than that in the above period, and the co-operatives insist on another substantial hike. On top of this bus fares are heavily subsidized. Obviously, productivity — that is, efficiency of bus services did not improve at all.

It may be claimed that conveyance of people cannot be revolutionized like industrial production by installation of modern equipment. However, there is no denying that some progress could have been achieved in the efficiency or the quality of our bus services. Yet the average age of buses operated by the co-operatives has not changed since 1960. Neither has there been a significant increase in the number of seats per bus, or in convenience to the public.

Spokesmen of the co-operatives often claim that buses cannot be used efficiently owing to increasing traffic density in our cities, but statistics show that bus velocity in Tel Aviv and in suburban lines increased slightly in recent years. On the other hand, the number of people hurt in bus road accidents has been rising more than either the number of buses plying the roads or the kilometrage they cover.

All of the labour added to the bus services since 1968 was that of hired workers. While the number of man-days provided by employees increased 33 per cent, work by the cooperative members dropped 3 per cent. By now, work in the bus services is about equally divided between members and employees, but the trend indicates that the bus services will be predominantly dependent upon hired work.

The monthly average wage for members and for employees has been advancing at about the same pace, but this statistical average is misleading. When calculated per man-day worked, earnings of employees increased about one-third, and of members about one-half, between 1968 and the end of 1971.

In the last quarter of 1971 the employees earned an average IL992 a month, while members' income averaged IL877. Since then employees' wages advanced over 15 per cent, and those of members about 25 per cent, which should bring them to over IL3,300 monthly. For comparison's sake one may note that the wage average in bus services (i.e., including both members and hired hands) in 1971 was 40 per cent higher than the wage level in trucking services and only 10 per cent lower than in the air services and the airports.

To be sure, the bus operators' incomes also include the yield to which they are entitled on capital investment. But a dividend of eight per cent net, linked to the Cost of Living Index on a share of, say, IL50,000, would come to only IL330 monthly.

INCOME

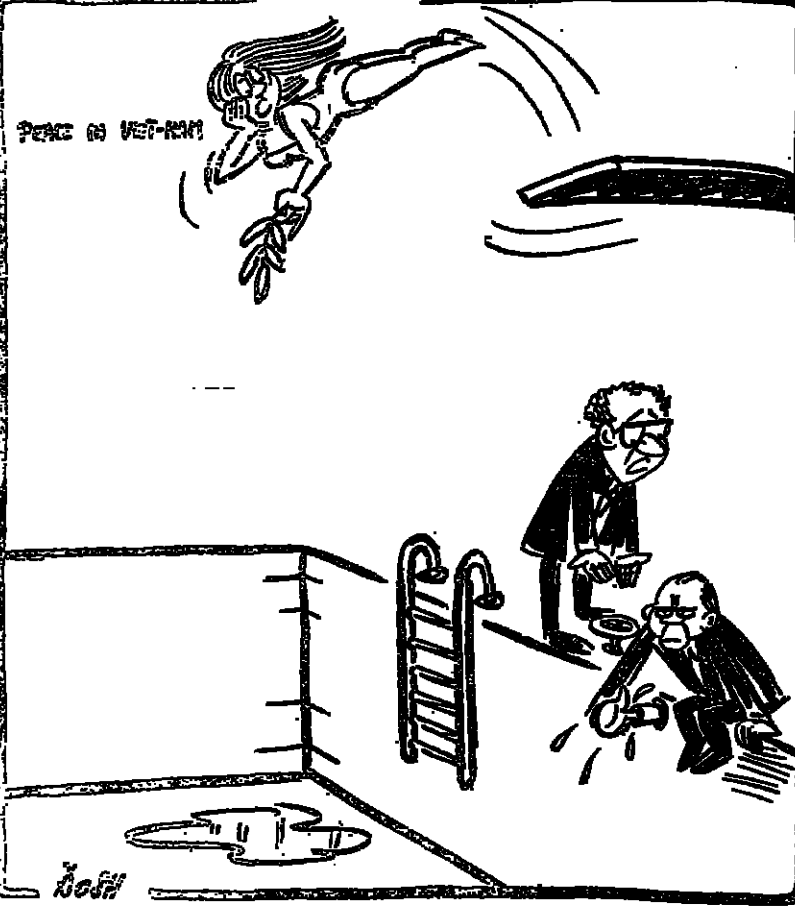
The income of the co-operatives' members also includes revenue from services they maintain apart from the regular bus lines (special conveyances, tourist tours, and mail service). In 1968 these services provided 12 per cent of the co-operatives' earnings. In 1971 their share increased to 22 per cent. However, their share in profits is doubtless considerably bigger.

Since price control of these services is even less effective than that of the regular bus lines, it is clear why the regular bus services are neglected in favour of these subsidiary ventures. While pretending to engage in "sideline" operations in order to cover the losses on ordinary business, the co-operatives actually endeavour to balance the accounts of their regular traffic in order to cut their overhead costs, and thus increase the profits they earn in their outside operations.

Finally, the above figures do not include the income derived from other ventures and assets owned by the cooperative members such as canteens, bus stations, hotels, garages, etc., about which no data is available, even though most of these investments have been made over the years from excess revenue financed — directly or indirectly — by public subsidies.

It is clear therefore that of all the monopolies thriving in this country, that of the bus co-operatives is the most entrenched and the least justified. A thorough reappraisal of it is long overdue.

LET IN THE WATER, FOR HEAVEN'S SAKE!



ISRAEL PRESS

Shake-up in Egypt

Davor (Histadrut) comments on the dismissal of Egyptian War Minister, General Mohammed Sadek: "By dismissing Sadek, President Anwar Sadat has made a substantial advance payment to the Soviet leaders for finally agreeing to visit Cairo and to resume the supply of military spare parts. There is no telling yet whether this price paid by the Egyptian President will serve to rehabilitate his relations with the Soviet Union, but there can hardly be any doubt that Sadat has now entered into direct confrontation with the anti-Soviet elements in the Egyptian Army. Sadat's prospects in the internal power struggle now taking place in Egypt are unclear."

She'arim (Poalei Agudat Yisrael) declares: "Contrary to all black prophecies, Washington's disengagement from Vietnam will not weaken its positions. It will strengthen them, and establish the U.S. as the principal world power."

Ha'aretz (non-party) comes out strongly against the students' strike since tuition fees are low and make up only a fraction of all expenses involved in studying for a degree.

Readers' letters

STUDENT STRIKE

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post — You mention in your editorial of October 26 that "tuition fees make up about nine per cent of the budget of the universities, which state they cannot absorb even part of the increases except at the cost of reducing academic standards." Academic standards are not determined only by the quality of the teaching, but also, to a very important degree, by the quality of the students. Can you raise this standard by increasing the fees? I do not see how the academic standards are to improve when students have to devote the time they should spend studying to earning money to maintain themselves at the university.

While I disagree with your conclusion that "there is a little justification for changing the present situation of the students," I share your difficulty in understanding the strike even though for a different reason. Students who boycott lectures just lose the tuition for which they are going to pay in any case. It would seem more rational to attend the lectures but to unanimously refuse to pay the increase.

TOMAS KULKA
Jerusalem, October 26.

OUTRAGEOUS EXPENSE

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post — Were it not for the complete apathy of the Israeli public, your article "Each M.K. to cost IL150,000" (October 22) would bring a outcry from 3 million Israelis. At a time when the Government tries to teach us austerity, an attempt to burden the taxpayer with additional, unheard of expenses must make the political parties enemies No. 1 of every taxpayer, worker or professional. And to crown this attempt, "Labour, Gabai airing bid to increase Knesset"! Of course, it seems necessary to have people to fill the empty Knesset seats we can see occasionally.

WILLIAM STEEN
Jerusalem, October 22.

REQUIRED

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The Jews who came from Morocco

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post — I have just read the open letter in your paper, "Adding insult to injury," by Elie Eliachar (October 25), and wholeheartedly support his protest at the unwarranted remarks about Oriental Jews made by Mr. P. Sapir.

I do not know about the Yemenites or those from the Atlas Mountains, but I did work as a nurse in Tangier for more than two years with educated and cultured Jews. There were 30,000 Jews in Tangier alone in '38 when I left and if any were living in caves, I never heard about it, although there were many who were poor and aided by various organizations.

The schools were good and religion much to the fore. The women did not work and, when they entertained, could hold their own with any Western sophisticate. I would say that in many cases, those who came to Israel left a much more comfortable life than they enjoy here.

In my humble opinion I would say that a great deal of the trouble among Oriental Jews here can be laid at the doorstep of the establishment, plus the too-often-heard unjust remark, "Well, what can you expect from Moroccans?"

MRS. REBECCA A. WILLIAMS
Haifa, October 26.

Dayan for Prime Minister

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post — A few years ago, there was a large campaign launched to elect Moshe Dayan as Prime Minister, by his supporters in the country and outside it. At that time, he had proved himself only in the military field, and appeared to be hasty and unrestrained in public relations. Nevertheless, he was extremely popular, and the party echelons knew that they would have to take his popularity into consideration when they came to making a choice.

Now that Mr. Dayan has shown that he has magnificent administrative talent, has learned what to say and how to say it, and gained valuable political experience, now

that we are coming to the time when the party will have to decide who is going to follow Golda, these voices are silent.

The political set-up in Israel is such that the top ex-Mapai members of the party will choose the next prime minister, well insulated from public opinion by their certainty of re-election. The public will therefore have to shout very loud, if it wants the decision makers to consider anything other than party loyalty when they make their choice. The polls should start sounding things out before the party makes its choice, as election time will be too late to influence the decision.

SHIFRA TARNH
Ashkelon, October 24.

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